

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, DC 20549**

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

- QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**
For the quarterly period ended **June 30, 2017** or
- TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**
For the transition period from _____ to _____
Commission file number **1-37966**

SEACOR Marine Holdings Inc.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware **47-2564547**
(State or Other Jurisdiction of (IRS Employer
Incorporation or Organization) Identification No.)

7910 Main Street, 2nd Floor
Houma, LA **70360**
(Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

985-876-5400
(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Not Applicable
(Former Name, Former Address and Former Fiscal Year, if Changed Since Last Report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company Emerging growth company
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

The total number of shares of common stock, par value \$.01 per share, outstanding as of August 10, 2017 was 17,671,356. The Registrant has no other class of common stock outstanding.

SEACOR MARINE HOLDINGS INC.

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PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**SEACOR MARINE HOLDINGS INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(in thousands, except share data, unaudited)**

| | June 30, 2017 | December 31, 2016 |
|--|---------------------|----------------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Current Assets: | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 150,958 | \$ 117,309 |
| Restricted cash | 1,824 | 1,462 |
| Marketable securities | 688 | 40,139 |
| Receivables: | | |
| Trade, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$5,901 and \$5,359 in 2017 and 2016, respectively | 43,475 | 44,830 |
| Due from SEACOR Holdings | — | 19,102 |
| Other | 11,957 | 21,316 |
| Inventories | 3,376 | 3,058 |
| Prepaid expenses and other | 3,719 | 3,349 |
| Total current assets | <u>215,997</u> | <u>250,565</u> |
| Property and Equipment: | | |
| Historical cost | 1,155,155 | 958,759 |
| Accumulated depreciation | (543,822) | (540,619) |
| | <u>611,333</u> | <u>418,140</u> |
| Construction in progress | 90,335 | 123,801 |
| Net property and equipment | <u>701,668</u> | <u>541,941</u> |
| Investments, at Equity, and Advances to 50% or Less Owned Companies | 100,719 | 138,311 |
| Construction Reserve Funds | 67,799 | 78,209 |
| Other Assets | 6,072 | 6,093 |
| | <u>\$ 1,092,255</u> | <u>\$ 1,015,119</u> |
| LIABILITIES AND EQUITY | | |
| Current Liabilities: | | |
| Current portion of long-term debt | \$ 81,593 | \$ 20,400 |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | 23,436 | 25,969 |
| Due to SEACOR Holdings | 3,519 | — |
| Other current liabilities | 47,014 | 34,647 |
| Total current liabilities | <u>155,562</u> | <u>81,016</u> |
| Long-Term Debt | 233,904 | 217,805 |
| Conversion Option Liability on 3.75% Convertible Senior Notes | 27,109 | — |
| Deferred Income Taxes | 117,332 | 124,945 |
| Deferred Gains and Other Liabilities | 39,324 | 41,198 |
| Total liabilities | <u>573,231</u> | <u>464,964</u> |
| Equity: | | |
| SEACOR Marine Holdings Inc. stockholders' equity: | | |
| Preferred stock, \$.01 par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized; none issued nor outstanding | — | — |
| Common stock, \$.01 par value, 60,000,000 shares authorized; 17,671,356 shares issued in 2017 and 2016 | 177 | 177 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 302,678 | 306,359 |
| Retained earnings | 208,025 | 249,412 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax | (9,690) | (11,337) |
| | <u>501,190</u> | <u>544,611</u> |
| Noncontrolling interests in subsidiaries | 17,834 | 5,544 |
| Total equity | <u>519,024</u> | <u>550,155</u> |
| | <u>\$ 1,092,255</u> | <u>\$ 1,015,119</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction herewith.

SEACOR MARINE HOLDINGS INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF LOSS
(in thousands, except share data, unaudited)

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
|---|-----------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|
| | 2017 | 2016 | 2017 | 2016 |
| Operating Revenues | \$ 42,323 | \$ 57,271 | \$ 76,627 | \$ 117,150 |
| Costs and Expenses: | | | | |
| Operating | 44,482 | 44,245 | 77,861 | 93,095 |
| Administrative and general | 21,705 | 11,929 | 33,531 | 24,327 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 14,633 | 15,254 | 27,136 | 30,092 |
| | <u>80,820</u> | <u>71,428</u> | <u>138,528</u> | <u>147,514</u> |
| Losses on Asset Dispositions and Impairments, Net | (6,318) | (20,357) | (1,499) | (20,737) |
| Operating Loss | <u>(44,815)</u> | <u>(34,514)</u> | <u>(63,400)</u> | <u>(51,101)</u> |
| Other Income (Expense): | | | | |
| Interest income | 275 | 987 | 1,125 | 2,398 |
| Interest expense | (4,546) | (2,585) | (7,728) | (4,943) |
| SEACOR Holdings management fees | (1,283) | (1,925) | (3,208) | (3,850) |
| SEACOR Holdings guarantee fees | (75) | (31) | (151) | (157) |
| Marketable security gains (losses), net | (109) | (2,492) | 11,629 | (6,077) |
| Derivative gains (losses), net | (213) | 163 | (302) | 3,061 |
| Foreign currency losses, net | (1,094) | (819) | (1,283) | (2,379) |
| Other, net | — | — | (1) | 265 |
| | <u>(7,045)</u> | <u>(6,702)</u> | <u>81</u> | <u>(11,682)</u> |
| Loss Before Income Tax Benefit and Equity in Earnings (Losses) of 50% or Less Owned Companies | (51,860) | (41,216) | (63,319) | (62,783) |
| Income Tax Benefit | <u>(13,800)</u> | <u>(13,742)</u> | <u>(17,222)</u> | <u>(20,568)</u> |
| Loss Before Equity in Earnings (Losses) of 50% or Less Owned Companies | (38,060) | (27,474) | (46,097) | (42,215) |
| Equity in Earnings (Losses) of 50% or Less Owned Companies, Net of Tax | <u>1,571</u> | <u>(3,315)</u> | <u>2,009</u> | <u>(1,154)</u> |
| Net Loss | <u>(36,489)</u> | <u>(30,789)</u> | <u>(44,088)</u> | <u>(43,369)</u> |
| Net Loss attributable to Noncontrolling Interests in Subsidiaries | <u>(2,497)</u> | <u>(209)</u> | <u>(2,701)</u> | <u>(830)</u> |
| Net Loss attributable to SEACOR Marine Holdings Inc. | <u>\$ (33,992)</u> | <u>\$ (30,580)</u> | <u>\$ (41,387)</u> | <u>\$ (42,539)</u> |
| Basic and Diluted Loss Per Common Share of SEACOR Marine Holdings Inc. | \$ (1.93) | \$ (1.73) | \$ (2.34) | \$ (2.41) |
| Basic and Diluted Weighted Average Common Shares Outstanding | 17,631,567 | 17,671,356 | 17,651,352 | 17,671,356 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction herewith.

SEACOR MARINE HOLDINGS INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS
(in thousands, unaudited)

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| | 2017 | 2016 | 2017 | 2016 |
| Net Loss | \$ (36,489) | \$ (30,789) | \$ (44,088) | \$ (43,369) |
| Other Comprehensive Income (Loss): | | | | |
| Foreign currency translation gains (losses) | 1,865 | (4,069) | 2,784 | (5,425) |
| Derivative losses on cash flow hedges | (429) | (1,820) | (438) | (3,605) |
| Reclassification of derivative losses on cash flow hedges to interest expense | 37 | — | 49 | — |
| Reclassification of derivative losses on cash flow hedges to equity in earnings of 50% or less owned companies | 147 | 1,087 | 335 | 1,295 |
| | 1,620 | (4,802) | 2,730 | (7,735) |
| Income tax (expense) benefit | (533) | 1,498 | (887) | 2,462 |
| | 1,087 | (3,304) | 1,843 | (5,273) |
| Comprehensive Loss | (35,402) | (34,093) | (42,245) | (48,642) |
| Comprehensive Loss attributable to Noncontrolling Interests in Subsidiaries | (2,399) | (730) | (2,505) | (1,530) |
| Comprehensive Loss attributable to SEACOR Marine Holdings Inc. | \$ (33,003) | \$ (33,363) | \$ (39,740) | \$ (47,112) |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction herewith.

SEACOR MARINE HOLDINGS INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
(in thousands, unaudited)

| | <u>SEACOR Marine Holdings Inc. Stockholders' Equity</u> | | | | | |
|--|---|----------------------------------|----------------------|---|---|-------------------|
| | Common Stock | Additional Paid-In Capital | Retained Earnings | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss | Non- Controlling Interests In Subsidiaries | Total Equity |
| December 31, 2016 | \$ 177 | \$ 306,359 | \$ 249,412 | \$ (11,337) | \$ 5,544 | \$ 550,155 |
| Distribution of SEACOR Marine restricted stock to Company personnel by SEACOR Holdings | — | (2,656) | — | — | — | (2,656) |
| Amortization of share awards | — | 89 | — | — | — | 89 |
| Purchase of subsidiary shares from noncontrolling interests | — | (1,114) | — | — | (2,579) | (3,693) |
| Consolidation of 50% or less owned companies | — | — | — | — | 17,374 | 17,374 |
| Net loss | — | — | (41,387) | — | (2,701) | (44,088) |
| Other comprehensive income | — | — | — | 1,647 | 196 | 1,843 |
| Six Months Ended June 30, 2017 | <u>\$ 177</u> | <u>\$ 302,678</u> | <u>\$ 208,025</u> | <u>\$ (9,690)</u> | <u>\$ 17,834</u> | <u>\$ 519,024</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction herewith.

SEACOR MARINE HOLDINGS INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(in thousands, unaudited)

| | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
|--|---------------------------|------------|
| | 2017 | 2016 |
| Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities | \$ 53,736 | \$ (8,940) |
| Cash Flows from Investing Activities: | | |
| Purchases of property and equipment | (28,803) | (45,840) |
| Cash settlements on derivative transactions, net | (324) | — |
| Proceeds from disposition of property and equipment | 9,549 | 3,139 |
| Investments in and advances to 50% or less owned companies | (4,216) | (6,194) |
| Return of investments and advances from 50% or less owned companies | 7,439 | — |
| Payments received on third party notes receivable, net | — | 504 |
| Net increase in restricted cash | (362) | — |
| Net decrease in construction reserve funds | 10,410 | 76,710 |
| Cash assumed on consolidation of 50% or less owned companies | 1,943 | — |
| Business acquisitions, net of cash acquired | (9,751) | — |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities | (14,115) | 28,319 |
| Cash Flows from Financing Activities: | | |
| Payments on long-term debt | (3,973) | (24,638) |
| Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt, net of issue costs | 3,223 | 22,463 |
| Distribution of SEACOR Marine restricted stock to Company personnel by SEACOR Holdings | (2,656) | — |
| Purchase of subsidiary shares from noncontrolling interests | (3,693) | — |
| Distributions to noncontrolling interests | — | (205) |
| Net cash used in financing activities | (7,099) | (2,380) |
| Effects of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash and Cash Equivalents | 1,127 | (1,115) |
| Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents | 33,649 | 15,884 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Period | 117,309 | 150,242 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Period | \$ 150,958 | \$ 166,126 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction herewith.

SEACOR MARINE HOLDINGS INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(unaudited)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of SEACOR Marine Holdings Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries (the “Company”). In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) have been made to fairly present the Company’s financial position as of June 30, 2017, its results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, its comprehensive loss for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, its changes in equity for the six months ended June 30, 2017, and its cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016. The condensed consolidated financial information for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 has not been audited by the Company’s independent registered certified public accounting firm. Results of operations for the interim periods presented are not necessarily indicative of operating results for the full year or any future periods.

Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States have been condensed or omitted. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company’s financial statements and related notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2016 included in the Information Statement filed as Exhibit 99.1 to Amendment No. 3 to the Company’s Registration Statement on Form 10, which was declared effective on May 11, 2017 (the “Registration Statement”).

Unless the context otherwise indicates, any reference in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q to the “Company” refers to SEACOR Marine Holdings Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries and any reference in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q to “SEACOR Marine” refers to SEACOR Marine Holdings Inc. without its consolidated subsidiaries. Capitalized terms used and not specifically defined herein have the same meaning given those terms in the Registration Statement.

SEACOR Marine was previously a subsidiary of SEACOR Holdings Inc. (along with its other majority owned subsidiaries collectively referred to as “SEACOR Holdings”). On June 1, 2017, SEACOR Holdings completed a spin-off of SEACOR Marine by way of a pro rata dividend of SEACOR Marine’s common stock, par value \$0.01 per share (“Common Stock”), all of which was then held by SEACOR Holdings, to SEACOR Holdings shareholders of record as of May 22, 2017 (the “Spin-off”). SEACOR Marine entered into certain agreements with SEACOR Holdings to govern SEACOR Marine’s relationship with SEACOR Holdings following the Spin-off, including a Distribution Agreement, two Transition Services Agreements, an Employee Matters Agreement and a Tax Matters Agreement. Following the Spin-off, SEACOR Marine began to operate as an independent, publicly traded company.

Revenue Recognition. The Company recognizes revenue when it is realized or realizable and earned. Revenue is realized or realizable and earned when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, delivery has occurred or services have been rendered, the price to the buyer is fixed or determinable, and collectability is reasonably assured. Revenue that does not meet these criteria is deferred until the criteria are met. Deferred revenues, included in other current liabilities in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets, for the six months ended June 30 were as follows (in thousands):

| | 2017 | 2016 |
|-------------------------------------|----------|----------|
| Balance at beginning of period | \$ 6,953 | \$ 6,953 |
| Revenues deferred during the period | 2,337 | — |
| Balance at end of period | \$ 9,290 | \$ 6,953 |

As of June 30, 2017, deferred revenues of \$6.8 million related to the time charter of several offshore support vessels paid through the conveyance of an overriding royalty interest (the “Conveyance”) in developmental oil and gas producing properties operated by a customer in the U.S. Gulf of Mexico. Payments under the Conveyance, and the timing of such payments, were contingent upon production and energy sale prices. On August 17, 2012, the customer filed a voluntary petition for Chapter 11 bankruptcy. The Company is vigorously defending its interest in connection with the bankruptcy filing; however, payments received under the Conveyance subsequent to May 19, 2012 are subject to creditors’ claims in bankruptcy court. The Company will recognize revenues when reasonably assured of a judgment in its favor. All costs and expenses related to these charters were recognized as incurred.

As of June 30, 2017, deferred revenues of \$2.3 million related to the time charter of an offshore support vessel to a customer from which collection was not reasonably assured. The Company will recognize revenues when collected or when collection is reasonably assured. All costs and expenses related to this charter were recognized as incurred.

Property and Equipment. Equipment, stated at cost, is depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the asset to an estimated salvage value. With respect to each class of asset, the estimated useful life is based upon a newly built asset being placed into service and represents the time period beyond which it is typically not justifiable for the Company to continue to operate the asset in the same or similar manner. From time to time, the Company may acquire older assets that have already exceeded the Company's useful life policy, in which case the Company depreciates such assets based on its best estimate of remaining useful life, typically the next survey or certification date.

As of June 30, 2017, the estimated useful life (in years) of each of the Company's major categories of new equipment was as follows:

| Offshore Support Vessels: | |
|--|----|
| Wind farm utility vessels | 10 |
| All other offshore support vessels (excluding wind farm utility) | 20 |

Equipment maintenance and repair costs and the costs of routine overhauls, drydockings and inspections performed on vessels and equipment are charged to operating expense as incurred. Expenditures that extend the useful life or improve the marketing and commercial characteristics of equipment as well as major renewals and improvements to other properties are capitalized.

Certain interest costs incurred during the construction of equipment are capitalized as part of the assets' carrying values and are amortized over such assets' estimated useful lives. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, capitalized interest totaled \$2.3 million.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets. The Company performs an impairment analysis of long-lived assets used in operations, including intangible assets, when indicators of impairment are present. These indicators may include a significant decrease in the market price of a long-lived asset or asset group, a significant adverse change in the extent or manner in which a long-lived asset or asset group is being used or in its physical condition, or a current period operating or cash flow loss combined with a history of operating or cash flow losses or a forecast that demonstrates continuing losses associated with the use of a long-lived asset or asset group. If the carrying values of the assets are not recoverable, as determined by the estimated undiscounted cash flows, the estimated fair value of the assets or asset groups are compared to their current carrying values and impairment charges are recorded if the carrying value exceeds fair value. The Company performs its testing on an asset or asset group basis. Generally, fair value is determined using valuation techniques, such as expected discounted cash flows or appraisals, as appropriate. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, the Company recognized impairment charges of \$5.7 million primarily associated with one leased-in supply vessel removed from service as it is not expected to be marketed prior to being returned to its owner.

Impairment of 50% or Less Owned Companies. Investments in 50% or less owned companies are reviewed periodically to assess whether there is an other-than-temporary decline in the carrying value of the investment. In its evaluation, the Company considers, among other items, recent and expected financial performance and returns, impairments recorded by the investee and the capital structure of the investee. When the Company determines that the estimated fair value of an investment is below carrying value and the decline is other-than-temporary, the investment is written down to its estimated fair value. Actual results may vary from the Company's estimates due to the uncertainty regarding projected financial performance, the severity and expected duration of declines in value, and the available liquidity in the capital markets to support the continuing operations of the investee, among other factors. Although the Company believes its assumptions and estimates are reasonable, the investee's actual performance compared with the estimates could produce different results and lead to additional impairment charges in future periods. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, the Company did not recognize any impairment charges related to its 50% or less owned companies.

Income Taxes. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, the Company's effective income tax rate of 27.2% was primarily due to non-deductible Spin-off-related expenses reimbursed to SEACOR Holdings and losses of foreign subsidiaries not benefited. During the six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company's effective income tax rate of 32.8% was primarily due to non-deductible expenses associated with the Company's participation in SEACOR Holdings' share award plans and losses of foreign subsidiaries not benefited.

Deferred Gains. The Company has sold certain equipment to its 50% or less owned companies, entered into vessel sale-leaseback transactions with finance companies, and provided seller financing on sales of its equipment to third parties and its 50% or less owned companies. A portion of the gains realized from these transactions were deferred and recorded in deferred gains and other liabilities in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. Deferred gain activity related to these transactions for the six months ended June 30 was as follows (in thousands):

| | 2017 | 2016 |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| Balance at beginning of period | \$ 33,910 | \$ 43,298 |
| Amortization of deferred gains included in operating expenses as a reduction to leased-in equipment expense | (4,099) | (4,099) |
| Amortization of deferred gains included in gains (losses) on asset dispositions and impairments, net | — | (36) |
| Other | (364) | (1,153) |
| Balance at end of period | \$ 29,447 | \$ 38,010 |

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss. The components of accumulated other comprehensive loss were as follows (in thousands):

| | SEACOR Marine Holdings Inc. Stockholders' Equity | | | Noncontrolling Interests | | Other Comprehensive Income |
|--------------------------------|--|--|-------------|--|---|----------------------------|
| | Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments | Derivative Losses on Cash Flow Hedges, net | Total | Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments | Derivative Gains on Cash Flow Hedges, net | |
| December 31, 2016 | \$ (11,413) | \$ 76 | \$ (11,337) | \$ (1,614) | \$ (17) | |
| Other comprehensive income | 2,608 | (74) | 2,534 | 176 | 20 | \$ 2,730 |
| Income tax expense | (913) | 26 | (887) | — | — | (887) |
| Six Months Ended June 30, 2017 | \$ (9,718) | \$ 28 | \$ (9,690) | \$ (1,438) | \$ 3 | \$ 1,843 |

Loss Per Share. Basic loss per common share of the Company is computed based on the weighted average number of common shares issued and outstanding during the relevant periods. Diluted loss per common share of the Company is computed based on the weighted average number of common shares issued and outstanding plus the effect of potentially dilutive securities through the application of the treasury stock and if-converted method. Dilutive securities for this purpose assumes restricted stock grants have vested and common shares have been issued pursuant to the conversion of the 3.75% Convertible Senior Notes. For the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, diluted earnings per common share of SEACOR Marine excluded 4,070,500 common shares issuable pursuant to the Company's 3.75% Convertible Senior Notes as the effect of their inclusion in the computation would be anti-dilutive. For the six months ended June 30, 2017, diluted earnings per common share of SEACOR Marine also excluded 120,693 shares of restricted stock as the effect of their inclusion in the computation would be anti-dilutive.

New Accounting Pronouncements. On May 28, 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued a comprehensive new revenue recognition standard that will supersede nearly all existing revenue recognition guidance under generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. The core principal of the new standard is that a company will recognize revenue when it transfers promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The new standard is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2017 and early adoption is permitted. The Company will adopt the new standard on January 1, 2018 and expects to use the modified retrospective approach upon adoption. The Company is currently determining the impact, if any, the adoption of the new accounting standard will have on its consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows. Principal versus agent considerations of the new standard with respect to the Company's vessel management services and pooling arrangements may result in a gross presentation of operating revenues and expenses compared with its current net presentation for results from managed and pooled third party equipment.

On February 25, 2016, the FASB issued a comprehensive new leasing standard, which improves transparency and comparability among companies by requiring lessees to recognize a lease liability and a corresponding lease asset for virtually all lease contracts. It also requires additional disclosures about leasing arrangements. The new standard is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018 and requires a modified retrospective approach to adoption. Early adoption is permitted. The Company has not yet determined what impact, if any, the adoption of the new standard will have on its consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

On August 26, 2016, the FASB issued an amendment to the accounting standard which amends or clarifies guidance on classification of certain transactions in the statement of cash flows, including classification of proceeds from the settlement of insurance claims, debt prepayments, debt extinguishment costs and contingent consideration payments after a business combination. This new standard is effective for the Company as of January 1, 2018 and early adoption is permitted. The Company has not yet determined what impact, if any, the adoption of the new standard will have on its consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

On October 24, 2016, the FASB issued a new accounting standard, which requires companies to account for the income tax effects of intercompany sales and transfers of assets other than inventory. The new standard is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 31, 2017 and requires a modified retrospective approach to adoption. The Company has not yet determined what impact, if any, the adoption of the new standard will have on its consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

On November 17, 2016, the FASB issued an amendment to the accounting standard which requires that restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents be included with cash and cash equivalents when reconciling the beginning-of-period and end-of-period total cash amounts shown on the statement of cash flows. The new standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted.

2. BUSINESS ACQUISITIONS

Sea-Cat Crewzer II. On April 28, 2017, the Company acquired a 100% controlling interest in Sea-Cat Crewzer II, which owns and operates two high-speed offshore catamarans, through the acquisition of its partners' 50% ownership interest for \$11.3 million in cash (see Note 4). The Company performed a fair value analysis and the purchase price was allocated to the acquired assets and liabilities based on their fair values resulting in no goodwill being recorded.

Sea-Cat Crewzer. On April 28, 2017, the Company acquired a 100% controlling interest in Sea-Cat Crewzer, which owns and operates two high-speed offshore catamarans, through the acquisition of its partners' 50% ownership interest for \$4.4 million in cash (see Note 4). The Company performed a fair value analysis and the purchase price was allocated to the acquired assets and liabilities based on their fair values resulting in no goodwill being recorded.

Purchase Price Accounting. The allocation of the purchase price for the Company's acquisitions for the six months ended June 30, 2017 was as follows (in thousands):

| | |
|---|-----------------|
| Trade and other receivables | 235 |
| Other current assets | 4,148 |
| Investments, at Equity, and Advances to 50% or Less Owned Companies | (15,700) |
| Property and Equipment | 61,626 |
| Accounts payable | 747 |
| Other current liabilities | (76) |
| Long-Term Debt | (41,186) |
| Other | (43) |
| Purchase price ⁽¹⁾ | <u>\$ 9,751</u> |

(1) Purchase price is net of cash acquired totaling \$5.9 million.

3. EQUIPMENT ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSITIONS

During the six months ended June 30, 2017, capital expenditures and payments on fair value hedges were \$29.1 million. Equipment deliveries during the six months ended June 30, 2017 included four fast support vessels.

During the six months ended June 30, 2017, the Company sold two liftboats, one supply vessel, four offshore support vessels previously retired and removed from service and other equipment for net proceeds of \$10.0 million (\$9.5 million in cash and \$0.5 million of previously received deposits) and gains of \$4.2 million.

4. INVESTMENTS, AT EQUITY, AND ADVANCES TO 50% OR LESS OWNED COMPANIES

MexMar. MexMar owns and operates 15 offshore support vessels in Mexico. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, the Company and its partner each received cash capital distributions of \$7.4 million from MexMar.

Falcon Global. Falcon Global was formed to construct and operate two foreign-flag liftboats. During the three months ended March 31, 2017, the Company and its partner each contributed additional capital of \$0.4 million, and the Company made working capital advances of \$2.0 million to Falcon Global. In March 2017, the Company's partner declined to participate in a capital call from Falcon Global and, as a consequence, the Company obtained 100% voting control of Falcon Global in accordance with the terms of the operating agreement. The impact of consolidating Falcon Global's net assets effective March 31, 2017 to the Company's financial position was as follows (in thousands):

| | | |
|---|----|----------|
| Cash | \$ | 1,943 |
| Marketable securities | | 785 |
| Trade and other receivables | | (291) |
| Investments, at Equity, and Advances to 50% or Less Owned Companies | | (19,374) |
| Property and Equipment | | 96,000 |
| Accounts payable | | 3,201 |
| Other current liabilities | | 1,153 |
| Long-Term Debt | | 58,335 |
| Other Liabilities | | (1,000) |
| Noncontrolling interests in subsidiaries | | 17,374 |

Sea-Cat Crewzer II. Sea-Cat Crewzer II owns and operates two high-speed offshore catamarans. On April 28, 2017, the Company acquired a 100% controlling interest in Sea-Cat Crewzer II through the acquisition of its partners' 50% ownership interest for \$11.3 million in cash (see Note 2).

Sea-Cat Crewzer. Sea-Cat Crewzer owns and operates two high-speed offshore catamarans. On April 28, 2017, the Company acquired a 100% controlling interest in Sea-Cat Crewzer through the acquisition of its partners' 50% ownership interest for \$4.4 million in cash (see Note 2).

OSV Partners. OSV Partners owns and operates five offshore support vessels. OSV Partners is currently in non-compliance with its debt service coverage ratio and its maximum leverage ratio pursuant to its term loan facility and has received waivers from its lenders for these financial covenants through and including September 30, 2017. As of June 30, 2017, the remaining principal amount outstanding under the facility was \$31.8 million. The Company has recently participated in a \$6.0 million preferred equity offering of OSV Partners and invested \$2.3 million (\$1.8 million in June 2017 and an additional \$0.5 million in August 2017) in support of the venture. The lenders to OSV Partners have no recourse to the Company for outstanding amounts under the facility, and the Company is not obligated to any future fundings to OSV Partners.

Other. The Company's other 50% or less owned companies own and operate eight vessels. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, the Company received dividends of \$1.6 million from these 50% or less owned companies.

Guarantees. The Company has guaranteed the payment of amounts owed under a vessel charter by one of its 50% or less owned companies. As of June 30, 2017, the total amount guaranteed by the Company under this arrangement was \$0.8 million. In addition, as of June 30, 2017, the Company had uncalled capital commitments to two of its 50% or less owned companies totaling \$1.8 million.

5. LONG-TERM DEBT

3.75% Convertible Senior Notes. Certain features included in the 3.75% Convertible Senior Notes, including the Exchange Option and the 2018 Put Option, terminated upon the completion of the Spin-off.

Upon completion of the Spin-off, the Company bifurcated the embedded conversion option liability of \$27.3 million from the 3.75% Convertible Senior Notes and recorded an additional debt discount. The adjusted unamortized debt discount and issuance costs are being amortized as additional non-cash interest expense over the remaining maturity of the debt (December 1, 2022) for an overall effective interest rate of 7.95%.

Falcon Global Term Loan Facility. On August 3, 2015, Falcon Global entered into a term loan facility to finance the construction of two foreign-flag liftboats. The facility consisted of two tranches: (i) a \$62.5 million facility to fund the construction costs of the liftboats (“Tranche A”) and (ii) a \$18.0 million facility for certain project costs (“Tranche B”). Borrowings under the facility bear interest at variable rates based on LIBOR plus a margin ranging from 2.5% to 2.9%, or an average rate of 3.97% as of June 30, 2017. The facility is secured by the liftboats and is repayable over a five year period beginning the earlier of either six months after completion of the construction of the liftboats or June 30, 2017 and matures no later than June 30, 2022. In March 2017, the Company’s partner declined to participate in a capital call from Falcon Global and, as a consequence, the Company obtained 100% voting control of Falcon Global in accordance with the terms of the operating agreement. The Company has consolidated into its financial statements Falcon Global’s debt under this facility of \$58.3 million, net of issue costs of \$1.0 million, effective March 31, 2017 (see Note 4). During April 2017, the Tranche B facility was canceled prior to any funding. During the three months ended June 30, 2017, Falcon Global made scheduled payments of \$1.5 million under Tranche A. As of June 30, 2017, the remaining principal amount outstanding under the facility was \$57.8 million and is fully guaranteed by SEACOR Marine.

Falcon Global is currently not in compliance with certain financial maintenance covenants in the facility, including its debt service coverage ratio, maximum leverage ratio and minimum liquidity covenant and has received waivers from its lenders for these financial covenants for testing periods through and including December 31, 2017. The current waiver would not apply to the testing period ended March 31, 2018. The waiver agreement requires that SEACOR Marine provide a \$14.5 million subordinated working capital loan to Falcon Global with the amount being fully funded by December 31, 2017. Falcon Global has one liftboat under charter, subject to customer approval, with several prospects developing for its second liftboat. Given the uncertainties surrounding the future financial performance of the two newly delivered liftboats and Falcon Global’s ability to meet its financial covenants for the next twelve months, the Company has classified the outstanding amounts due under the term loan facility as current obligations.

Sea-Cat Crewzer II. On April 28, 2017, the Company acquired a 100% controlling interest in Sea-Cat Crewzer II through the acquisition of its partners’ 50% ownership interest (see Notes 2 and 4). Sea-Cat Crewzer II has a term loan facility that matures in 2019 which is secured by a first preferred mortgage on its vessels. The facility calls for quarterly payments of principal and interest with a balloon payment of \$17.3 million due at maturity. The interest rate is fixed at 1.52%, inclusive of an interest rate swap, plus a margin ranging from 2.10% to 2.75% subject to the level of funded debt (overall rate of 4.27% as of June 30, 2017). The balance of this facility as of June 30, 2017 was \$22.1 million.

Sea-Cat Crewzer. On April 28, 2017, the Company acquired a 100% controlling interest in Sea-Cat Crewzer through the acquisition of its partners’ 50% ownership interest (see Notes 2 and 4). Sea-Cat Crewzer has a term loan facility that matures in 2019 which is secured by a first preferred mortgage on its vessels. The facility calls for quarterly payments of principal and interest with a balloon payment of \$15.3 million due at maturity. The interest rate is fixed at 1.52%, inclusive of an interest rate swap, plus a margin ranging from 2.10% to 2.75% subject to the level of funded debt (overall rate of 4.27% as of June 30, 2017). The balance of this facility as of June 30, 2017 was \$19.6 million.

Other. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, the Company borrowed \$3.4 million under the Sea-Cat Crewzer III Term Loan Facility to fund capital expenditures and made scheduled payments on other long-term debt of \$2.5 million. As of June 30, 2017, the Company had \$4.6 million of borrowing capacity under subsidiary facilities.

Letters of Credit. As of June 30, 2017, the Company had outstanding letters of credit totaling \$16.7 million with various expiration dates through 2018 that have been issued on behalf of the Company by SEACOR Holdings. Additionally, the Company has other labor and performance guarantees of \$0.9 million.

6. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS AND HEDGING STRATEGIES

Derivative instruments are classified as either assets or liabilities based on their individual fair values. The fair values of the Company's derivative instruments as of June 30, 2017 were as follows (in thousands):

| | Derivative Asset ⁽¹⁾ | Derivative Liability ⁽²⁾ |
|---|------------------------------------|--|
| Derivatives designated as hedging instruments: | | |
| Forward currency exchange contracts (fair value hedges) | \$ — | \$ 27 |
| Interest rate swap agreements (cash flow hedges) | 74 | 30 |
| Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments: | | |
| Conversion option liability on 3.75% Convertible Senior Notes | — | 27,109 |
| Forward currency exchange, option and future contracts | 151 | — |
| Interest rate swap agreements | — | 566 |
| | <u>\$ 225</u> | <u>\$ 27,732</u> |

(1) Included in other receivables in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

(2) Included in other current liabilities in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets, except for the conversion option liability on the 3.75% Convertible Senior Notes.

Fair Value Hedges. From time to time, the Company may designate certain of its foreign currency exchange contracts as fair value hedges in respect of capital commitments denominated in foreign currencies. By entering into these foreign currency exchange contracts, the Company may fix a portion of its capital commitments denominated in foreign currencies in U.S. dollars to protect against currency fluctuations. As of June 30, 2017, the Company had euro denominated forward currency exchange contracts designated as fair value hedges with a U.S. dollar equivalent of \$1.9 million. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, the Company recognized gains of \$0.1 million on these contracts which were included as decreases to the corresponding hedged equipment included in construction in progress in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Cash Flow Hedges. The Company and certain of its 50% or less owned companies have interest rate swap agreements designated as cash flow hedges. By entering into these interest rate swap agreements, the Company and its 50% or less owned companies have converted the variable LIBOR or EURIBOR component of certain of their outstanding borrowings to a fixed interest rate. The Company recognized losses on derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges of \$0.4 million and \$3.6 million during the six months ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively. As of June 30, 2017, the interest rate swaps held by the Company and its 50% or less owned companies were as follows:

- Windcat Workboats had two interest rate swap agreements maturing in 2021 that call for the Company to pay a fixed rate of interest of (0.03)% on the aggregate notional value of €15.0 million (\$17.1 million) and receive a variable interest rate based on EURIBOR on the aggregate notional value.
- MexMar had five interest rate swap agreements with maturities in 2023 that call for MexMar to pay a fixed rate of interest ranging from 1.71% to 2.10% on the aggregate amortized notional value of \$117.2 million and receive a variable interest rate based on LIBOR on the aggregate amortized notional value.
- Sea-Cat Crewzer II had an interest rate swap agreement maturing in 2019 that calls for the Company to pay a fixed rate of interest of 1.52% on the amortized notional value of \$22.1 million and receive a variable interest rate based on LIBOR on the amortized notional value.
- Sea-Cat Crewzer had an interest rate swap agreement maturing in 2019 that calls for the Company to pay a fixed rate of interest of 1.52% on the amortized notional value of \$19.6 million and receive a variable interest rate based on LIBOR on the amortized notional value.

Other Derivative Instruments. The Company recognized gains (losses) on derivative instruments not designated as hedging instruments for the six months ended June 30 as follows (in thousands):

| | 2017 | 2016 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| Conversion option liability on 3.75% Convertible Senior Notes | \$ 145 | \$ — |
| Options on equities and equity indices | — | 3,079 |
| Forward currency exchange, option and future contracts | (56) | — |
| Interest rate swap agreements | (391) | (18) |
| | <u>\$ (302)</u> | <u>\$ 3,061</u> |

The conversion option liability relates to the bifurcated embedded conversion option in the 3.75% Convertible Senior Notes (see Note 5).

The Company may hold positions in publicly traded equity options that convey the right or obligation to engage in a future transaction on the underlying equity security or index. Historically, the Company's investment in equity options has primarily included positions in energy related businesses. These contracts are typically entered into to mitigate the risk of changes in market value of marketable security positions that the Company is either about to acquire, has acquired or is about to dispose.

The Company enters and settles forward currency exchange, option and future contracts with respect to various foreign currencies. As of June 30, 2017, the fair market value of the outstanding forward currency exchange, option and future contracts was an unrealized gain of \$0.1 million. These contracts enable the Company to buy currencies in the future at fixed exchange rates, which could offset possible consequences of changes in currency exchange rates with respect to the Company's business conducted outside of the United States. The Company generally does not enter into contracts with forward settlement dates beyond twelve to eighteen months.

The Company and certain of its 50% or less owned companies have entered into interest rate swap agreements for the general purpose of providing protection against increases in interest rates, which might lead to higher interest costs. As of June 30, 2017, the interest rate swaps held by the Company or its 50% or less owned companies were as follows:

- Falcon Global had an interest rate swap agreement maturing in 2022 that calls for the Company to pay a fixed interest rate of 2.06% on the amortized notional value of \$59.4 million and receive a variable interest rate based on LIBOR on the amortized notional value.
- OSV Partners had two interest rate swap agreements with maturities in 2020 that call for OSV Partners to pay a fixed rate of interest ranging from 1.89% to 2.27% on the aggregate amortized notional value of \$35.5 million and receive a variable interest rate based on LIBOR on the aggregate amortized notional value.
- Dynamic Offshore had an interest rate swap agreement maturing in 2018 that calls for Dynamic Offshore to pay a fixed interest rate of 1.30% on the amortized notional value of \$69.1 million and receive a variable interest rate based on LIBOR on the amortized notional value.

7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The fair value of an asset or liability is the price that would be received to sell an asset or transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. The Company utilizes a fair value hierarchy that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value and defines three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value. *Level 1* inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. *Level 2* inputs are observable inputs other than quoted prices included in *Level 1* that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, including quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, or inputs derived from observable market data. *Level 3* inputs are unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

The Company's financial assets and liabilities as of June 30, 2017 that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis were as follows (in thousands):

| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
|--|---------|---------|---------|
| ASSETS | | | |
| Marketable securities ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 688 | \$ — | \$ — |
| Derivative instruments (included in other receivables) | — | 225 | — |
| Construction reserve funds | 67,799 | — | — |
| LIABILITIES | | | |
| Derivative instruments (included in other current liabilities) | — | 623 | — |
| Conversion option liability on 3.75% Convertible Senior Notes | — | — | 27,109 |

(1) Marketable security gains (losses), net include unrealized losses of \$0.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 related to marketable security positions held by the Company as of June 30, 2017.

The fair value of the conversion option liability on the 3.75% Convertible Senior Notes is estimated with significant inputs that are both observable and unobservable in the market and therefore is considered a *Level 3* fair value measurement. The Company used a binomial lattice model that assumes the holders will maximize their value by finding the optimal decision between redeeming at the redemption price or exchanging into shares of Common Stock. This model estimates the fair value of the conversion option as the differential in the fair value of the notes including the conversion option compared with the fair value of the notes excluding the conversion option.

The significant observable inputs used in the fair value measurement include the price of Common Stock and the risk free interest rate. The significant unobservable inputs are the estimated Company credit spread and Common Stock volatility, which were based on comparable companies in the marine transportation and energy industries.

The estimated fair values of the Company's other financial assets and liabilities as of June 30, 2017 were as follows (in thousands):

| | Carrying Amount | Estimated Fair Value | | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------|------------|---------|
| | | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash | \$ 152,782 | \$ 152,782 | \$ — | \$ — |
| Investments, at cost, in 50% or less owned companies (included in other assets) | 132 | <i>see below</i> | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Long-term debt, including current portion | \$ 315,497 | \$ — | \$ 283,893 | \$ — |

The carrying value of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash approximates fair value. The fair value of the Company's long-term debt was estimated by using discounted cash flow analysis based on estimated current rates for similar types of arrangements. It was not practicable to estimate the fair value of certain of the Company's investments, at cost, in 50% or less owned companies because of the lack of quoted market prices and the inability to estimate fair value without incurring excessive costs. Considerable judgment was required in developing certain of the estimates of fair value and, accordingly, the estimates presented herein are not necessarily indicative of the amounts that the Company could realize in a current market exchange.

The Company's other assets and liabilities that were measured at fair value during the six months ended June 30, 2017 were as follows (in thousands):

| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
|---|-----------|---------|-----------|
| ASSETS | | | |
| Investments, at equity, and advances to 50% or less owned companies | \$ 15,700 | \$ — | \$ 19,374 |

Investments, at equity, and advances in 50% or less owned companies. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, the Company marked its investments in Sea-Cat Crewzer and Sea-Cat Crewzer II to fair value upon the acquisition of 100% controlling interests in the companies. The fair values were determined based on the purchase price of the acquired interests.

During the six months ended June 30, 2017, the Company's partner declined to participate in a capital call from Falcon Global and, as a consequence, the Company obtained 100% voting control of Falcon Global in accordance with the terms of the operating agreement (see Note 4). Upon the change in control, the Company marked its investment in Falcon Global to fair value. Falcon Global's primary assets consist of two newly constructed foreign-flag liftboats. The estimated fair value of the liftboats was the primary input used by the Company in determining the fair value of its investment based on a third-party valuation using significant inputs that are unobservable in the market and therefore are considered a *Level 3* fair value measurement. Due to limited market transactions, the primary valuation methodology applied by the appraisers was an estimated cost approach less economic obsolescence based on utilization and rates per day worked trending over the prior year in the Middle East region where the vessels are intended to operate.

8. NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

Noncontrolling interests in the Company's consolidated subsidiaries were as follows (in thousands):

| | Noncontrolling Interests | June 30, 2017 | December 31, 2016 |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Falcon Global | 50% | \$ 14,855 | \$ — |
| Windcat Workboats | 12.5% | 2,695 | 5,266 |
| Other | 1.8% | 284 | 278 |
| | | <u>\$ 17,834</u> | <u>\$ 5,544</u> |

Falcon Global. Falcon Global owns and operates two foreign-flag liftboats. In March 2017, the Company's partner declined to participate in a capital call from Falcon Global and, as a consequence, the Company obtained 100% voting control of Falcon Global in accordance with the terms of the operating agreement and began consolidating Falcon Global's net assets effective March 31, 2017 (see Note 4). As of June 30, 2017, the net assets of Falcon Global were \$29.7 million. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, the net loss of Falcon Global was \$5.0 million, of which \$2.5 million was attributable to noncontrolling interests.

Windcat Workboats. Windcat Workboats owns and operates the Company's wind farm utility vessels that are primarily used to move personnel and supplies in the major offshore wind markets of Europe. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, the Company acquired an additional 12.5% of Windcat Workboats from noncontrolling interests for \$3.7 million. As of June 30, 2017, the net assets of Windcat Workboats were \$21.6 million. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, the net loss of Windcat Workboats was \$0.7 million, of which \$0.2 million was attributable to noncontrolling interests. During the six months ended June 30, 2016, the net loss of Windcat Workboats was \$3.3 million, of which \$0.8 million was attributable to noncontrolling interests.

9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In connection with the Spin-off, SEACOR Marine entered into certain agreements with SEACOR Holdings to govern SEACOR Marine's relationship with SEACOR Holdings following the Spin-off, including a Distribution Agreement, two Transition Services Agreements, an Employee Matters Agreement and a Tax Matters Agreement.

Following the completion of the Spin-off, the Company is no longer charged management fees by SEACOR Holdings for their corporate costs. However, the Company continues to be supported by SEACOR Holdings for corporate services provided post Spin-off for a fixed net fee of \$6.3 million per annum pursuant to the Transition Services Agreements with SEACOR Holdings. The fees incurred will decline as the services and functions provided by SEACOR Holdings are terminated and replicated within the Company. Fees incurred by the Company pursuant to the Transition Services Agreements are recognized as additional administrative and general expenses in the accompanying statements of loss.

As of June 30, 2017, SEACOR Holdings has guaranteed \$107.7 million for various obligations of the Company, including: debt facility and letter of credit obligations; performance obligations under sale-leaseback arrangements; and invoiced amounts for funding deficits under the MNOPE. Pursuant to a Transition Services Agreement with SEACOR Holdings, SEACOR Holdings charges the Company a fee of 0.5% on outstanding guaranteed amounts, which declines as the guaranteed obligations are settled by the Company. The Company recognized guarantee fees in connection with its sale-leaseback arrangements of \$0.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 as additional leased-in equipment operating expenses in the accompanying statements of loss. Guarantee fees paid to SEACOR Holdings for all other obligations are recognized as SEACOR Holdings guarantee fees in the accompanying statements of loss.

Certain officers and employees of the Company received compensation through participation in SEACOR Holdings share award plans. Pursuant to the Employee Matters Agreement with SEACOR Holdings, participating Company personnel vested in all outstanding SEACOR Holdings share awards upon the Spin-off and received SEACOR Marine restricted stock from the Spin-off distribution in connection with outstanding SEACOR Holdings restricted stock held. As a consequence, the Company paid SEACOR Holdings \$9.4 million upon completion of the Spin-off, including \$2.7 million for the distribution of SEACOR Marine restricted stock, which is amortized over the participants' remaining vesting periods, and \$6.7 million on the accelerated vesting of SEACOR Holdings share awards, which was immediately recognized as additional administrative and general expenses in the accompanying statements of loss.

Pursuant to one of the Transitions Services Agreements with SEACOR Holdings, the Company is obligated to reimburse SEACOR Holdings up to 50% of the severance and restructuring costs actually incurred by SEACOR Holdings as a result of the Spin-off up to, but not in excess of, \$6.0 million (such that the Company shall not be obligated to pay more than \$3.0 million). As of June 30, 2017, the Company has reimbursed SEACOR Holdings severance and restructuring costs of \$0.7 million recognized as additional administrative and general expenses in the accompanying statements of loss.

Immediately preceding the Spin-off and pursuant to an Investment Agreement dated November 30, 2015 with the holders of the 3.75% Convertible Senior Notes, the Company reimbursed SEACOR Holdings for the final settlement of non-deductible Spin-off related expenses of \$3.4 million recognized as additional administrative and general expenses in the accompanying statements of loss.

10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

As of June 30, 2017, the Company had unfunded capital commitments of \$76.4 million that included six fast support vessels, three supply vessels and one wind farm utility vessel. These commitments included \$15.4 million for one supply vessel that may be assumed by a third party at their option. The Company's capital commitments by year of expected payment are as follows (in thousands):

| | | | |
|------|-------------------|----|---------------|
| | Remainder of 2017 | \$ | 10,457 |
| | 2018 | | 50,960 |
| | 2019 | | 13,219 |
| 2020 | | | 1,800 |
| | | \$ | <u>76,436</u> |

Subsequent to June 30, 2017, the Company committed to acquire additional equipment for \$12.3 million.

In the normal course of its business, the Company becomes involved in various other litigation matters including, among other things, claims by third parties for alleged property damages and personal injuries. Management has used estimates in determining the Company's potential exposure to these matters and has recorded reserves in its financial statements related thereto where appropriate. It is possible that a change in the Company's estimates of that exposure could occur, but the Company does not expect such changes in estimated costs would have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

11. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company's segment presentation and basis of measurement of segment profit or loss are as previously described in the Company's Registration Statement. The following tables summarize the operating results, capital expenditures and assets of the Company's reportable segments.

| | United States (primarily Gulf of Mexico) \$'000 | Africa (primarily West Africa) \$'000 | Middle East and Asia \$'000 | Brazil, Mexico, Central and South America \$'000 | Europe (primarily North Sea) \$'000 | Total \$'000 |
|---|--|---|-----------------------------------|---|--|-----------------|
| For the three months ended June 30, 2017 | | | | | | |
| Operating Revenues: | | | | | | |
| Time charter | 4,889 | 7,786 | 7,415 | — | 18,713 | 38,803 |
| Bareboat charter | — | — | — | 1,156 | — | 1,156 |
| Other marine services | 1,198 | 215 | 109 | 162 | 680 | 2,364 |
| | <u>6,087</u> | <u>8,001</u> | <u>7,524</u> | <u>1,318</u> | <u>19,393</u> | <u>42,323</u> |
| Direct Costs and Expenses: | | | | | | |
| Operating: | | | | | | |
| Personnel | 4,183 | 3,428 | 4,147 | 148 | 8,671 | 20,577 |
| Repairs and maintenance | 937 | 3,234 | 3,947 | 116 | 2,191 | 10,425 |
| Drydocking | 310 | 683 | 358 | — | 900 | 2,251 |
| Insurance and loss reserves | 1,205 | 357 | 353 | 4 | 207 | 2,126 |
| Fuel, lubes and supplies | 545 | 704 | 908 | 27 | 1,006 | 3,190 |
| Other | 51 | 871 | 1,061 | 3 | 237 | 2,223 |
| | <u>7,231</u> | <u>9,277</u> | <u>10,774</u> | <u>298</u> | <u>13,212</u> | <u>40,792</u> |
| Direct Vessel Profit (Loss) | <u>(1,144)</u> | <u>(1,276)</u> | <u>(3,250)</u> | <u>1,020</u> | <u>6,181</u> | <u>1,531</u> |
| Other Costs and Expenses: | | | | | | |
| Operating: | | | | | | |
| Leased-in equipment | 2,205 | 969 | 516 | — | — | 3,690 |
| Administrative and general | | | | | | 21,705 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 5,749 | 2,059 | 3,979 | 784 | 2,062 | 14,633 |
| | | | | | | <u>40,028</u> |
| Losses on Asset Dispositions and Impairments, Net | | | | | | <u>(6,318)</u> |
| Operating Loss | | | | | | <u>(44,815)</u> |

| | United States (primarily Gulf of Mexico) \$'000 | Africa (primarily West Africa) \$'000 | Middle East and Asia \$'000 | Brazil, Mexico, Central and South America \$'000 | Europe (primarily North Sea) \$'000 | Total \$'000 |
|---|--|--|-----------------------------------|---|--|-----------------|
| For the six months ended June 30, 2017 | | | | | | |
| Operating Revenues: | | | | | | |
| Time charter | 7,884 | 13,633 | 13,238 | — | 34,778 | 69,533 |
| Bareboat charter | — | — | — | 2,299 | — | 2,299 |
| Other marine services | 2,024 | 407 | 986 | 237 | 1,141 | 4,795 |
| | <u>9,908</u> | <u>14,040</u> | <u>14,224</u> | <u>2,536</u> | <u>35,919</u> | <u>76,627</u> |
| Direct Costs and Expenses: | | | | | | |
| Operating: | | | | | | |
| Personnel | 7,313 | 6,036 | 7,270 | 161 | 16,588 | 37,368 |
| Repairs and maintenance | 1,674 | 3,778 | 4,523 | 120 | 3,925 | 14,020 |
| Drydocking | 883 | 1,740 | 516 | — | 2,179 | 5,318 |
| Insurance and loss reserves | 2,010 | 539 | 699 | 11 | 426 | 3,685 |
| Fuel, lubes and supplies | 855 | 1,263 | 1,432 | 27 | 1,955 | 5,532 |
| Other | 123 | 1,517 | 2,526 | 4 | 487 | 4,657 |
| | <u>12,858</u> | <u>14,873</u> | <u>16,966</u> | <u>323</u> | <u>25,560</u> | <u>70,580</u> |
| Direct Vessel Profit (Loss) | <u>(2,950)</u> | <u>(833)</u> | <u>(2,742)</u> | <u>2,213</u> | <u>10,359</u> | <u>6,047</u> |
| Other Costs and Expenses: | | | | | | |
| Operating: | | | | | | |
| Leased-in equipment | 4,416 | 1,939 | 862 | — | 64 | 7,281 |
| Administrative and general | | | | | | 33,531 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 11,349 | 3,649 | 6,506 | 1,449 | 4,183 | 27,136 |
| | | | | | | <u>67,948</u> |
| Losses on Asset Dispositions and Impairments, Net | | | | | | <u>(1,499)</u> |
| Operating Loss | | | | | | <u>(63,400)</u> |
| As of June 30, 2017 | | | | | | |
| Property and Equipment: | | | | | | |
| Historical cost | 417,675 | 183,661 | 302,892 | 78,976 | 171,951 | 1,155,155 |
| Accumulated depreciation | (233,758) | (59,300) | (83,880) | (41,565) | (125,319) | (543,822) |
| | <u>183,917</u> | <u>124,361</u> | <u>219,012</u> | <u>37,411</u> | <u>46,632</u> | <u>611,333</u> |

| | United States (primarily Gulf of Mexico) \$'000 | Africa (primarily West Africa) \$'000 | Middle East and Asia \$'000 | Brazil, Mexico, Central and South America \$'000 | Europe (primarily North Sea) \$'000 | Total \$'000 |
|---|--|---|-----------------------------------|---|--|-----------------|
| For the three months ended June 30, 2016 | | | | | | |
| Operating Revenues: | | | | | | |
| Time charter | 8,726 | 8,902 | 10,554 | — | 21,052 | 49,234 |
| Bareboat charter | — | — | — | 3,045 | — | 3,045 |
| Other marine services | 1,054 | 131 | 2,641 | 498 | 668 | 4,992 |
| | <u>9,780</u> | <u>9,033</u> | <u>13,195</u> | <u>3,543</u> | <u>21,720</u> | <u>57,271</u> |
| Direct Costs and Expenses: | | | | | | |
| Operating: | | | | | | |
| Personnel | 6,368 | 3,324 | 5,058 | 367 | 10,724 | 25,841 |
| Repairs and maintenance | 643 | 522 | 1,659 | 59 | 2,544 | 5,427 |
| Drydocking | 175 | 426 | (284) | — | 1,646 | 1,963 |
| Insurance and loss reserves | 680 | 36 | 151 | (12) | 248 | 1,103 |
| Fuel, lubes and supplies | 234 | 598 | 1,498 | 112 | 911 | 3,353 |
| Other | 28 | 883 | 827 | 75 | 293 | 2,106 |
| | <u>8,128</u> | <u>5,789</u> | <u>8,909</u> | <u>601</u> | <u>16,366</u> | <u>39,793</u> |
| Direct Vessel Profit | <u>1,652</u> | <u>3,244</u> | <u>4,286</u> | <u>2,942</u> | <u>5,354</u> | <u>17,478</u> |
| Other Costs and Expenses: | | | | | | |
| Operating: | | | | | | |
| Leased-in equipment | 1,858 | 975 | 1,123 | 367 | 129 | 4,452 |
| Administrative and general | | | | | | 11,929 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 7,157 | 1,615 | 3,059 | 1,200 | 2,223 | 15,254 |
| | | | | | | <u>31,635</u> |
| Losses on Asset Dispositions and Impairments, Net | | | | | | <u>(20,357)</u> |
| Operating Loss | | | | | | <u>(34,514)</u> |

| | United States (primarily Gulf of Mexico) \$'000 | Africa (primarily West Africa) \$'000 | Middle East and Asia \$'000 | Brazil, Mexico, Central and South America \$'000 | Europe (primarily North Sea) \$'000 | Total \$'000 |
|---|--|--|-----------------------------------|---|--|-----------------|
| For the six months ended June 30, 2016 | | | | | | |
| Operating Revenues: | | | | | | |
| Time charter | 19,768 | 20,041 | 18,707 | 196 | 42,095 | 100,807 |
| Bareboat charter | — | — | — | 5,697 | — | 5,697 |
| Other marine services | 1,965 | 36 | 6,729 | 884 | 1,032 | 10,646 |
| | <u>21,733</u> | <u>20,077</u> | <u>25,436</u> | <u>6,777</u> | <u>43,127</u> | <u>117,150</u> |
| Direct Costs and Expenses: | | | | | | |
| Operating: | | | | | | |
| Personnel | 14,130 | 6,409 | 9,236 | 1,895 | 21,729 | 53,399 |
| Repairs and maintenance | 1,402 | 1,493 | 3,493 | 207 | 5,126 | 11,721 |
| Drydocking | 217 | 584 | 1,393 | — | 3,472 | 5,666 |
| Insurance and loss reserves | 1,679 | 248 | 414 | 37 | 603 | 2,981 |
| Fuel, lubes and supplies | 747 | 974 | 2,452 | 193 | 2,084 | 6,450 |
| Other | 189 | 1,408 | 1,606 | 170 | 671 | 4,044 |
| | <u>18,364</u> | <u>11,116</u> | <u>18,594</u> | <u>2,502</u> | <u>33,685</u> | <u>84,261</u> |
| Direct Vessel Profit | <u>3,369</u> | <u>8,961</u> | <u>6,842</u> | <u>4,275</u> | <u>9,442</u> | <u>32,889</u> |
| Other Costs and Expenses: | | | | | | |
| Operating: | | | | | | |
| Leased-in equipment | 3,720 | 1,952 | 2,299 | 734 | 129 | 8,834 |
| Administrative and general | | | | | | 24,327 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 14,034 | 3,193 | 5,977 | 2,399 | 4,489 | 30,092 |
| | | | | | | <u>63,253</u> |
| Losses on Asset Dispositions and Impairments, Net | | | | | | <u>(20,737)</u> |
| Operating Loss | | | | | | <u>(51,101)</u> |

As of June 30, 2016

| | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|
| Property and Equipment: | | | | | | |
| Historical cost | 446,819 | 162,040 | 224,060 | 87,632 | 178,363 | 1,098,914 |
| Accumulated depreciation | (211,585) | (75,267) | (95,133) | (50,701) | (124,223) | (556,909) |
| | <u>235,234</u> | <u>86,773</u> | <u>128,927</u> | <u>36,931</u> | <u>54,140</u> | <u>542,005</u> |

The Company's investments in 50% or less owned companies, which are accounted for under the equity method, also contribute to its consolidated results of operations. As of June 30, 2017, the Company's investments, at equity, and advances to 50% or less owned companies in MexMar and its other 50% or less owned companies were \$58.7 million and \$42.0 million, respectively. Equity in earnings (losses) of 50% or less owned companies, net of tax, were as follows (in thousands):

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
|--------|-----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2017 | 2016 | 2017 | 2016 |
| MexMar | \$ 1,222 | \$ 846 | \$ 2,589 | \$ 3,431 |
| Other | 349 | (4,161) | (580) | (4,585) |
| | <u>\$ 1,571</u> | <u>\$ (3,315)</u> | <u>\$ 2,009</u> | <u>\$ (1,154)</u> |

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This Form 10-Q includes "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Certain statements discussed in this Form 10-Q as well as in other reports, materials and oral statements that the Company releases from time to time to the public constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Generally, words such as "anticipate," "estimate," "expect," "project," "intend," "believe," "plan," "target," "forecast" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements concern management's expectations, strategic objectives, business prospects, anticipated economic performance and financial condition and other similar matters. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and actual events or results may differ significantly from these statements. Actual events or results are subject to significant known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other important factors, including decreased demand and loss of revenues as a result of a decline in the price of oil and resulting decrease in capital spending by oil and gas companies, an oversupply of newly built offshore support vessels, additional safety and certification requirements for drilling activities in the U.S. Gulf of Mexico and delayed approval of applications for such activities, the possibility of U.S. government implemented moratoriums directing operators to cease certain drilling activities in the U.S. Gulf of Mexico and any extension of such moratoriums, weakening demand for the Company's services as a result of unplanned customer suspensions, cancellations, rate reductions or non-renewals of vessel charters or failures to finalize commitments to charter vessels in response to a decline in the price of oil, an oversupply of newly built offshore support vessels, increased government legislation and regulation of the Company's businesses could increase cost of operations, increased competition if the Jones Act and related regulations are repealed, liability, legal fees and costs in connection with the provision of emergency response services, such as the response to the oil spill as a result of the sinking of the Deepwater Horizon in April 2010, decreased demand for the Company's services as a result of declines in the global economy, declines in valuations in the global financial markets and a lack of liquidity in the credit sectors, including, interest rate fluctuations, availability of credit, inflation rates, change in laws, trade barriers, commodity prices and currency exchange fluctuations, the cyclical nature of the oil and gas industry, activity in foreign countries and changes in foreign political, military and economic conditions, including as a result of the recent vote in the U.K. to leave the European Union, changes in foreign and domestic oil and gas exploration and production activity, safety record requirements, compliance with U.S. and foreign government laws and regulations, including environmental laws and regulations and economic sanctions, the dependence on several key customers, consolidation of the Company's customer base, the ongoing need to replace aging vessels, industry fleet capacity, restrictions imposed by the Jones Act and related regulations on the amount of foreign ownership of the Company's Common Stock, operational risks, effects of adverse weather conditions and seasonality, adequacy of insurance coverage, the ability to remediate the material weaknesses the Company has identified in its internal controls over financial reporting, the attraction and retention of qualified personnel by the Company, and various other matters and factors, many of which are beyond the Company's control as well as those discussed in "Risk Factors" included in the Information Statement filed as Exhibit 99.1 to Amendment No. 3 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form 10 and other reports filed by the Company with the SEC. It should be understood that it is not possible to predict or identify all such factors. Consequently, the preceding should not be considered to be a complete discussion of all potential risks or uncertainties. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of the document in which they are made. The Company disclaims any obligation or undertaking to provide any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statement to reflect any change in the Company's expectations or any change in events, conditions or circumstances on which the forward-looking statement is based, except as required by law. It is advisable, however, to consult any further disclosures the Company makes on related subjects in its filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and Current Reports on Form 8-K (if any). These statements constitute the Company's cautionary statements under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

Overview

The Company provides global marine and support transportation services to offshore oil and gas exploration, development and production facilities worldwide. The Company currently operates a diverse fleet of 182 support and specialty vessels, of which 138 are owned or leased-in, 28 are joint ventured, 13 are managed on behalf of unaffiliated third parties and three are operated under pooling arrangements. The primary users of the Company's services are major integrated oil companies, large independent oil and gas exploration and production companies and emerging independent companies.

The Company operates its fleet in five principle geographic regions: the United States, primarily in the Gulf of Mexico; Africa, primarily in West Africa; the Middle East and Asia; Brazil, Mexico, Central and South America; and Europe, primarily in the North Sea. The Company's vessels are highly mobile and regularly and routinely move between countries within a geographic region. In addition, the Company's vessels are redeployed among the geographic regions, subject to flag restrictions, as changes in market conditions dictate. The number and type of vessels operated, their rates per day worked and their utilization levels are the key determinants of the Company's operating results and cash flows. Unless a vessel is cold-stacked, there is little reduction in daily running costs and, consequently, operating margins are most sensitive to changes in rates per day worked and utilization. The Company manages its fleet utilizing a global network of shore side support, administrative and finance personnel.

Offshore oil and gas market conditions deteriorated beginning in 2014 and continued to deteriorate in 2016 when oil prices hit a twelve-year low of less than \$27 per barrel (on the New York Mercantile Exchange) in February 2016. This decline in oil and gas prices led to a decrease in offshore drilling and associated activity. The Company continued to experience difficult market conditions through the second quarter of 2017 but has experienced a modest improvement from seasonal maintenance and construction activity in the Middle East and U.S. Gulf of Mexico.

Low oil prices and the subsequent decline in offshore exploration have forced many operators in the industry to restructure or liquidate assets. The Company continues to closely monitor the delivery of newly built offshore support vessels to the industry-wide fleet, which is creating situations of oversupply, thereby further lowering the demand for the Company's existing offshore support vessel fleet. A continuation of (i) weak oil and gas prices leading to lower customer exploration and drilling activity levels, and (ii) the increasing size of the global offshore support vessel fleet as newly built vessels are placed into service could, in isolation or together, have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations, financial position and cash flows.

The Spin-off. SEACOR Marine was previously a subsidiary of SEACOR Holdings Inc. (along with its other majority owned subsidiaries collectively referred to as "SEACOR Holdings"). On June 1, 2017, SEACOR Holdings completed a spin-off of SEACOR Marine by way of a pro rata dividend of SEACOR Marine's common stock, par value \$0.01 per share ("Common Stock"), all of which was then held by SEACOR Holdings, to SEACOR Holdings shareholders of record as of May 22, 2017 (the "Spin-off"). SEACOR Marine entered into certain agreements with SEACOR Holdings to govern SEACOR Marine's relationship with SEACOR Holdings following the Spin-off, including a Distribution Agreement, two Transition Services Agreements, an Employee Matters Agreement and a Tax Matters Agreement. Following the Spin-off, SEACOR Marine began to operate as an independent, publicly traded company.

Results of Operations

The sections below provide an analysis of the Company's results of operations for the three months ("Current Year Quarter") and six months ("Current Six Months") ended June 30, 2017 compared with the three months ("Prior Year Quarter") and six months ("Prior Six Months") ended June 30, 2016. For the periods indicated, the Company's consolidated results of operations were as follows:

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | | Six Months Ended June 30, | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|--------------|-----------------|-------------|---------------------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------|
| | 2017 | | 2016 | | 2017 | | 2016 | |
| | \$'000 | % | \$'000 | % | \$'000 | % | \$'000 | % |
| Operating Revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Time charter | 38,803 | 92 | 49,234 | 86 | 69,533 | 91 | 100,807 | 86 |
| Bareboat charter | 1,156 | 3 | 3,045 | 5 | 2,299 | 3 | 5,697 | 5 |
| Other marine services | 2,364 | 5 | 4,992 | 9 | 4,795 | 6 | 10,646 | 9 |
| | <u>42,323</u> | <u>100</u> | <u>57,271</u> | <u>100</u> | <u>76,627</u> | <u>100</u> | <u>117,150</u> | <u>100</u> |
| Costs and Expenses: | | | | | | | | |
| Operating: | | | | | | | | |
| Personnel | 20,577 | 49 | 25,841 | 45 | 37,368 | 49 | 53,399 | 46 |
| Repairs and maintenance | 10,425 | 25 | 5,427 | 9 | 14,020 | 18 | 11,721 | 10 |
| Drydocking | 2,251 | 5 | 1,963 | 3 | 5,318 | 7 | 5,666 | 5 |
| Insurance and loss reserves | 2,126 | 5 | 1,103 | 2 | 3,685 | 5 | 2,981 | 2 |
| Fuel, lubes and supplies | 3,190 | 7 | 3,353 | 6 | 5,532 | 7 | 6,450 | 5 |
| Other | 2,223 | 5 | 2,106 | 4 | 4,657 | 6 | 4,044 | 3 |
| Leased-in equipment | 3,690 | 9 | 4,452 | 8 | 7,281 | 10 | 8,834 | 8 |
| | <u>44,482</u> | <u>105</u> | <u>44,245</u> | <u>77</u> | <u>77,861</u> | <u>102</u> | <u>93,095</u> | <u>79</u> |
| Administrative and general | 21,705 | 51 | 11,929 | 21 | 33,531 | 44 | 24,327 | 21 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 14,633 | 35 | 15,254 | 27 | 27,136 | 35 | 30,092 | 26 |
| | <u>80,820</u> | <u>191</u> | <u>71,428</u> | <u>125</u> | <u>138,528</u> | <u>181</u> | <u>147,514</u> | <u>126</u> |
| Losses on Asset Dispositions and Impairments, Net | <u>(6,318)</u> | <u>(15)</u> | <u>(20,357)</u> | <u>(35)</u> | <u>(1,499)</u> | <u>(2)</u> | <u>(20,737)</u> | <u>(18)</u> |
| Operating Loss | <u>(44,815)</u> | <u>(106)</u> | <u>(34,514)</u> | <u>(60)</u> | <u>(63,400)</u> | <u>(83)</u> | <u>(51,101)</u> | <u>(44)</u> |
| Other Income (Expense), Net | <u>(7,045)</u> | <u>(17)</u> | <u>(6,702)</u> | <u>(12)</u> | <u>81</u> | <u>—</u> | <u>(11,682)</u> | <u>(10)</u> |
| Loss Before Income Tax Benefit and Equity in Earnings (Losses) of 50% or Less Owned Companies | <u>(51,860)</u> | <u>(123)</u> | <u>(41,216)</u> | <u>(72)</u> | <u>(63,319)</u> | <u>(83)</u> | <u>(62,783)</u> | <u>(54)</u> |
| Income Tax Benefit | <u>(13,800)</u> | <u>(33)</u> | <u>(13,742)</u> | <u>(24)</u> | <u>(17,222)</u> | <u>(22)</u> | <u>(20,568)</u> | <u>(18)</u> |
| Loss Before Equity in Earnings (Losses) of 50% or Less Owned Companies | <u>(38,060)</u> | <u>(90)</u> | <u>(27,474)</u> | <u>(48)</u> | <u>(46,097)</u> | <u>(61)</u> | <u>(42,215)</u> | <u>(36)</u> |
| Equity in Earnings (Losses) of 50% or Less Owned Companies, Net of Tax | <u>1,571</u> | <u>4</u> | <u>(3,315)</u> | <u>(6)</u> | <u>2,009</u> | <u>3</u> | <u>(1,154)</u> | <u>(1)</u> |
| Net Loss | <u>(36,489)</u> | <u>(86)</u> | <u>(30,789)</u> | <u>(54)</u> | <u>(44,088)</u> | <u>(58)</u> | <u>(43,369)</u> | <u>(37)</u> |
| Net Loss attributable to Noncontrolling Interests in Subsidiaries | <u>(2,497)</u> | <u>(6)</u> | <u>(209)</u> | <u>(1)</u> | <u>(2,701)</u> | <u>(4)</u> | <u>(830)</u> | <u>(1)</u> |
| Net Loss attributable to SEACOR Marine Holdings Inc. | <u>(33,992)</u> | <u>(80)</u> | <u>(30,580)</u> | <u>(53)</u> | <u>(41,387)</u> | <u>(54)</u> | <u>(42,539)</u> | <u>(36)</u> |

Time Charter Operating Data. The table below sets forth the average rates per day worked, utilization and available days data for the Company's owned and leased-in vessels available for time charter in the periods indicated. The rate per day worked is the ratio of total time charter revenues to the aggregate number of days worked. Utilization is the ratio of aggregate number of days worked to total available days for all vessels. Unless vessels have been retired and removed from service, available days represents the total calendar days for which vessels were owned or leased-in by the Company whether marketed, under repair, cold-stacked or otherwise out-of-service.

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
|---|-----------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|---------------|
| | 2017 | 2016 | 2017 | 2016 |
| Rates Per Day Worked: | | | | |
| Anchor handling towing supply | \$ 10,774 | \$ 20,828 | \$ 11,765 | \$ 21,351 |
| Fast support | 8,086 | 7,636 | 7,768 | 7,612 |
| Supply | 6,028 | 5,709 | 7,782 | 6,163 |
| Standby safety | 8,457 | 9,632 | 8,295 | 9,597 |
| Specialty | 12,000 | 18,642 | 12,000 | 16,427 |
| Liftboats | 10,315 | 11,852 | 10,293 | 13,325 |
| Overall Average Rates Per Day Worked (excluding wind farm utility) | 8,431 | 10,354 | 8,359 | 10,452 |
| Wind farm utility | 2,124 | 2,394 | 2,074 | 2,405 |
| Overall Average Rates Per Day Worked | 5,649 | 7,352 | 5,683 | 7,629 |
| Utilization: | | | | |
| Anchor handling towing supply | 24% | 33% | 20% | 40% |
| Fast support | 43% | 69% | 43% | 68% |
| Supply | 48% | 27% | 33% | 32% |
| Standby safety | 80% | 77% | 80% | 78% |
| Specialty | 5% | 81% | 2% | 63% |
| Liftboats | 16% | 6% | 9% | 5% |
| Overall Fleet Utilization (excluding wind farm utility) | 43% | 50% | 40% | 51% |
| Wind farm utility | 90% | 77% | 78% | 71% |
| Overall Fleet Utilization | 56% | 57% | 51% | 56% |
| Available Days: | | | | |
| Anchor handling towing supply | 1,274 | 1,365 | 2,534 | 2,730 |
| Fast support | 3,684 | 2,174 | 6,896 | 4,267 |
| Supply | 580 | 1,140 | 1,210 | 2,319 |
| Standby safety | 1,820 | 2,104 | 3,620 | 4,288 |
| Specialty | 273 | 273 | 543 | 546 |
| Liftboats | 1,365 | 1,365 | 2,630 | 2,730 |
| Overall Fleet Available Days (excluding wind farm utility) | 8,996 | 8,421 | 17,433 | 16,880 |
| Wind farm utility | 3,367 | 3,276 | 6,697 | 6,521 |
| Overall Fleet Available Days | 12,363 | 11,697 | 24,130 | 23,401 |

The composition of the Company's fleet as of June 30 was as follows:

| | Owned ⁽¹⁾ | Joint Ventured | Leased-in | Pooled or Managed | Total |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|-----------|----------------------|------------|
| 2017 | | | | | |
| Anchor handling towing supply | 11 | 1 | 4 | 9 | 25 |
| Fast support | 40 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 49 |
| Supply | 7 | 17 | — | 2 | 26 |
| Standby safety | 20 | 1 | — | — | 21 |
| Specialty | 3 | 1 | — | 2 | 6 |
| Liftboats | 13 | — | 2 | — | 15 |
| Wind farm utility | 37 | 3 | — | — | 40 |
| | <u>131</u> | <u>28</u> | <u>7</u> | <u>16</u> | <u>182</u> |
| 2016 | | | | | |
| Anchor handling towing supply | 13 | 1 | 4 | 9 | 27 |
| Fast support | 24 | 11 | 1 | 3 | 39 |
| Supply | 14 | 15 | 1 | 3 | 33 |
| Standby safety | 22 | 1 | — | — | 23 |
| Specialty | 3 | 1 | — | 3 | 7 |
| Liftboats | 13 | — | 2 | — | 15 |
| Wind farm utility | 36 | 3 | — | — | 39 |
| | <u>125</u> | <u>32</u> | <u>8</u> | <u>18</u> | <u>183</u> |

(1) Excludes six offshore support vessels as of June 30, 2017 that had been retired and removed from service.

Operating Loss

Operating loss margins for all periods presented were primarily due to continuing difficult market conditions.

Consolidating segment tables of operating loss for each period presented below is included in "Item 1. Financial Statements—Note 11. Segment Information" included in Part I of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

United States, primarily Gulf of Mexico. For the periods indicated, the Company's direct vessel profit in the United States was as follows:

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | | Six Months Ended June 30, | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|--------------|------------|---------------------------|-------------|---------------|------------|
| | 2017 | | 2016 | | 2017 | | 2016 | |
| | \$'000's | % | \$'000's | % | \$'000's | % | \$'000's | % |
| Operating revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Time charter | 4,889 | 80 | 8,726 | 89 | 7,884 | 80 | 19,768 | 91 |
| Other marine services | 1,198 | 20 | 1,054 | 11 | 2,024 | 20 | 1,965 | 9 |
| | <u>6,087</u> | <u>100</u> | <u>9,780</u> | <u>100</u> | <u>9,908</u> | <u>100</u> | <u>21,733</u> | <u>100</u> |
| Direct operating expenses: | | | | | | | | |
| Personnel | 4,183 | 69 | 6,368 | 65 | 7,313 | 74 | 14,130 | 65 |
| Repairs and maintenance | 937 | 15 | 643 | 7 | 1,674 | 17 | 1,402 | 6 |
| Drydocking | 310 | 5 | 175 | 2 | 883 | 9 | 217 | 1 |
| Insurance and loss reserves | 1,205 | 20 | 680 | 7 | 2,010 | 20 | 1,679 | 8 |
| Fuel, lubes and supplies | 545 | 9 | 234 | 2 | 855 | 9 | 747 | 3 |
| Other | 51 | 1 | 28 | — | 123 | 1 | 189 | 1 |
| | <u>7,231</u> | <u>119</u> | <u>8,128</u> | <u>83</u> | <u>12,858</u> | <u>130</u> | <u>18,364</u> | <u>84</u> |
| Direct Vessel Profit (Loss) | <u>(1,144)</u> | <u>(19)</u> | <u>1,652</u> | <u>17</u> | <u>(2,950)</u> | <u>(30)</u> | <u>3,369</u> | <u>16</u> |

Time Charter Operating Data. For the periods indicated, the Company's time charter operating data in the United States was as follows:

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
|---|------------------------------------|---------------|----------------------------------|---------------|
| | 2017 | 2016 | 2017 | 2016 |
| Rates Per Day Worked: | | | | |
| Anchor handling towing supply | \$ 35,000 | \$ 34,046 | \$ 35,496 | \$ 35,606 |
| Fast support | 8,454 | 8,561 | 8,550 | 8,863 |
| Supply | — | — | — | — |
| Liftboats | 10,315 | 11,852 | 10,293 | 13,325 |
| Overall Average Rates Per Day Worked | 9,619 | 17,109 | 9,808 | 19,240 |
| Utilization: | | | | |
| Anchor handling towing supply | 1% | 20% | 1% | 23% |
| Fast support | 16% | 43% | 16% | 43% |
| Supply | —% | —% | —% | —% |
| Liftboats | 19% | 6% | 9% | 5% |
| Overall Fleet Utilization | 13% | 17% | 10% | 17% |
| Available Days: | | | | |
| Anchor handling towing supply | 910 | 819 | 1,810 | 1,638 |
| Fast support | 1,802 | 627 | 3,455 | 1,173 |
| Supply | 91 | 230 | 181 | 499 |
| Specialty | 91 | — | 181 | — |
| Liftboats | 1,169 | 1,365 | 2,434 | 2,730 |
| Overall Fleet Available Days | 4,063 | 3,041 | 8,061 | 6,040 |

Current Year Quarter compared with Prior Year Quarter

Operating Revenues. Time charter revenues were \$3.8 million lower in the Current Year Quarter compared with the Prior Year Quarter primarily due to reduced utilization as a consequence of cold-stacking vessels. Time charter revenues were \$5.2 million lower for the anchor handling towing supply vessels, \$1.3 million higher for the liftboat fleet and \$0.1 million higher for the fast support vessels. Available days for fast support vessels were higher in the Current Year Quarter primarily due to the acquisition of eleven vessels for \$10.0 million at a bankruptcy auction during the third quarter of 2016. These vessels were idle when purchased, are still not working and are therefore contributing to the overall decline in fast support vessel utilization. As of June 30, 2017, the Company had 32 of 42 owned and leased-in vessels (ten anchor handling towing supply, 16 fast support, five liftboats and one specialty) cold-stacked in the U.S. compared with 25 of 33 vessels as of June 30, 2016. As of June 30, 2017, the Company had one anchor handling towing supply vessel, one fast support vessel and one supply vessel retired and removed from service in this region.

Direct Operating Expenses. Direct operating expenses were \$0.9 million lower in the Current Year Quarter compared with the Prior Year Quarter. Personnel costs were \$1.9 million lower primarily as a consequence of cold-stacking additional anchor handling towing supply vessels and \$0.2 million lower for the active fleet. Other categories of operating expense were \$1.2 million higher primarily due to incremental operating costs associated with the reactivation of eight liftboats during the Current Six Months.

Current Six Months compared with Prior Six Months

Operating Revenues. Time charter revenues were \$11.9 million lower in the Current Six Months compared with the Prior Six Months primarily due to reduced utilization as a consequence of cold-stacking vessels. Time charter revenues were \$12.5 million lower for the anchor handling towing supply vessels, \$0.4 million higher for the liftboat fleet and \$0.2 million higher for the fast support vessels. Available days for fast support vessels charter were higher in the Current Six Months primarily due to the acquisition of eleven vessels for \$10.0 million at a bankruptcy auction during the third quarter of 2016. These vessels were idle when purchased, are still not working and are therefore contributing to the overall decline in fast support vessel utilization. As of June 30, 2017, the Company had 32 of 42 owned and leased-in vessels (ten anchor handling towing supply, 16 fast support, five liftboats and one specialty) cold-stacked in the U.S. compared with 25 of 33 vessels as of June 30, 2016. As of June 30, 2017, the Company had one anchor handling towing supply vessel, one fast support vessel and one supply vessel retired and removed from service in this region.

Direct Operating Expenses. Direct operating expenses were \$5.5 million lower in the Current Six Months compared with the Prior Six Months. Personnel costs were \$6.4 million lower primarily as a consequence of cold-stacking an increased number of vessels, \$0.2 million lower for the active fleet and \$0.2 million lower due to net fleet dispositions. Other categories of operating expense were \$1.3 million higher primarily due to incremental operating costs associated with the reactivation of eight liftboats during the Current Six Months.

Africa, primarily West Africa. For the periods indicated, the Company's direct vessel profit in Africa was as follows:

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | | Six Months Ended June 30, | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|--------------|------------|---------------------------|------------|---------------|------------|
| | 2017 | | 2016 | | 2017 | | 2016 | |
| | \$'000's | % | \$'000's | % | \$'000's | % | \$'000's | % |
| Operating revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Time charter | 7,786 | 97 | 8,902 | 99 | 13,633 | 97 | 20,041 | 100 |
| Other marine services | 215 | 3 | 131 | 1 | 407 | 3 | 36 | — |
| | <u>8,001</u> | <u>100</u> | <u>9,033</u> | <u>100</u> | <u>14,040</u> | <u>100</u> | <u>20,077</u> | <u>100</u> |
| Direct operating expenses: | | | | | | | | |
| Personnel | 3,428 | 43 | 3,324 | 37 | 6,036 | 43 | 6,409 | 32 |
| Repairs and maintenance | 3,234 | 40 | 522 | 6 | 3,778 | 27 | 1,493 | 7 |
| Drydocking | 683 | 9 | 426 | 5 | 1,740 | 12 | 584 | 3 |
| Insurance and loss reserves | 357 | 4 | 36 | — | 539 | 4 | 248 | 1 |
| Fuel, lubes and supplies | 704 | 9 | 598 | 6 | 1,263 | 9 | 974 | 5 |
| Other | 871 | 11 | 883 | 10 | 1,517 | 11 | 1,408 | 7 |
| | <u>9,277</u> | <u>116</u> | <u>5,789</u> | <u>64</u> | <u>14,873</u> | <u>106</u> | <u>11,116</u> | <u>55</u> |
| Direct Vessel Profit (Loss) | <u>(1,276)</u> | <u>(16)</u> | <u>3,244</u> | <u>36</u> | <u>(833)</u> | <u>(6)</u> | <u>8,961</u> | <u>45</u> |

Time Charter Operating Data. For the periods indicated, the Company's time charter operating data in Africa was as follows:

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
|---|-----------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|---------------|
| | 2017 | 2016 | 2017 | 2016 |
| Rates Per Day Worked: | | | | |
| Anchor handling towing supply | \$ 11,699 | \$ 16,217 | \$ 12,550 | \$ 15,721 |
| Fast support | 9,556 | 8,681 | 8,587 | 8,754 |
| Supply | 12,495 | 5,750 | 13,334 | 5,750 |
| Specialty | — | 10,549 | — | 10,708 |
| Overall Average Rates Per Day Worked | 10,348 | 9,938 | 9,913 | 10,271 |
| Utilization: | | | | |
| Anchor handling towing supply | 99% | 54% | 59% | 73% |
| Fast support | 66% | 67% | 71% | 69% |
| Supply | 78% | 65% | 89% | 66% |
| Specialty | —% | 100% | —% | 100% |
| Overall Fleet Utilization | 67% | 65% | 64% | 71% |
| Available Days: | | | | |
| Anchor handling towing supply | 182 | 364 | 452 | 728 |
| Fast support | 759 | 637 | 1,328 | 1,274 |
| Supply | 91 | 281 | 181 | 554 |
| Specialty | 91 | 91 | 181 | 182 |
| Overall Fleet Available Days | 1,123 | 1,373 | 2,142 | 2,738 |

Current Year Quarter compared with Prior Year Quarter

Operating Revenues. Time charter revenues were \$1.1 million lower in the Current Year Quarter compared with the Prior Year Quarter. On a total fleet basis, time charter revenues were \$1.7 million lower due to a decrease in average day rates, \$0.2 million lower due to reduced utilization on the active fleet, \$1.0 million lower due to reduced utilization as a consequence of cold-stacking vessels and \$2.6 million higher due to net fleet additions. In addition, time charter revenues for anchor handling towing supply vessels were \$0.8 million lower in the Current Year Quarter due to the deferral of revenue for one vessel on time charter (excluded from time charter operating data) to a customer as collection was not reasonably assured. As of June 30, 2017, the Company had one of 14 owned and leased-in vessels cold-stacked in Africa (one specialty vessel) compared with three of 16 vessels as of June 30, 2016. As of June 30, 2017, the Company had two fast support vessels retired and removed from service in this region.

Direct Operating Expenses. Direct operating expenses were \$3.5 million higher in the Current Year Quarter compared with the Prior Year Quarter. Repairs and maintenance expense was \$2.7 million higher primarily from the replacement of main engines in one fast support vessel for \$2.0 million during the Current Year Quarter.

Current Six Months compared with Prior Six Months

Operating Revenues. Time charter revenues were \$6.4 million lower in the Current Six Months compared with the Prior Six Months. On a total fleet basis, time charter revenues were \$2.5 million lower due to a decrease in average day rates, \$1.0 million lower due to reduced utilization on the active fleet, \$5.2 million lower due to reduced utilization as a consequence of cold-stacking vessels and \$4.7 million higher due to net fleet additions. In addition, time charter revenues for anchor handling towing supply vessels were \$2.4 million lower in the Current Year Quarter due to the deferral of revenue for one vessel on time charter (excluded from time charter operating data) to a customer as collection was not reasonably assured. As of June 30, 2017, the Company had one of 14 owned and leased-in vessels cold-stacked in Africa (one specialty vessel) compared with three of 16 vessels as of June 30, 2016. As of June 30, 2017, the Company had two fast support vessels retired and removed from service in this region.

Direct Operating Expenses. Direct operating expenses were \$3.8 million higher in the Current Six Months compared with the Prior Six Months. Repairs and maintenance expense was \$2.3 million higher primarily from the replacement of main engines in one fast support vessel for \$2.0 million during the Current Year Quarter. Drydocking expenses were \$1.2 million higher primarily due to increased drydocking activity during the Current Six Months.

Middle East and Asia. For the periods indicated, the Company's direct vessel profit in the Middle East and Asia was as follows:

| | <u>Three Months Ended June 30,</u> | | | | <u>Six Months Ended June 30,</u> | | | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------|------------|----------------------------------|-------------|-----------------|------------|
| | <u>2017</u> | | <u>2016</u> | | <u>2017</u> | | <u>2016</u> | |
| | <u>\$'000's</u> | <u>%</u> | <u>\$'000's</u> | <u>%</u> | <u>\$'000's</u> | <u>%</u> | <u>\$'000's</u> | <u>%</u> |
| Operating revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Time charter | 7,415 | 99 | 10,554 | 80 | 13,238 | 93 | 18,707 | 74 |
| Other marine services | 109 | 1 | 2,641 | 20 | 986 | 7 | 6,729 | 26 |
| | <u>7,524</u> | <u>100</u> | <u>13,195</u> | <u>100</u> | <u>14,224</u> | <u>100</u> | <u>25,436</u> | <u>100</u> |
| Direct operating expenses: | | | | | | | | |
| Personnel | 4,147 | 55 | 5,058 | 38 | 7,270 | 51 | 9,236 | 36 |
| Repairs and maintenance | 3,947 | 52 | 1,659 | 13 | 4,523 | 32 | 3,493 | 14 |
| Drydocking | 358 | 5 | (284) | (2) | 516 | 3 | 1,393 | 5 |
| Insurance and loss reserves | 353 | 5 | 151 | 1 | 699 | 5 | 414 | 2 |
| Fuel, lubes and supplies | 908 | 12 | 1,498 | 12 | 1,432 | 10 | 2,452 | 10 |
| Other | 1,061 | 14 | 827 | 6 | 2,526 | 18 | 1,606 | 6 |
| | <u>10,774</u> | <u>143</u> | <u>8,909</u> | <u>68</u> | <u>16,966</u> | <u>119</u> | <u>18,594</u> | <u>73</u> |
| Direct Vessel Profit (Loss) | <u>(3,250)</u> | <u>(43)</u> | <u>4,286</u> | <u>32</u> | <u>(2,742)</u> | <u>(19)</u> | <u>6,842</u> | <u>27</u> |

Time Charter Operating Data. For the periods indicated, the Company's time charter operating data in the Middle East and Asia was as follows:

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
|---|-----------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|--------------|
| | 2017 | 2016 | 2017 | 2016 |
| Rates Per Day Worked: | | | | |
| Anchor handling towing supply | \$ 7,956 | \$ 7,535 | \$ 8,180 | \$ 8,477 |
| Fast support | 7,018 | 6,771 | 6,959 | 6,544 |
| Supply | 3,800 | 5,649 | 4,074 | 6,210 |
| Specialty | 12,000 | 24,284 | 12,000 | 22,870 |
| Liftboats | — | — | — | — |
| Overall Average Rates Per Day Worked (excluding wind farm utility) | 6,580 | 8,697 | 6,765 | 7,821 |
| Wind farm utility | — | 7,881 | — | 7,192 |
| Overall Average Rates Per Day Worked | 6,580 | 8,649 | 6,765 | 7,779 |
| Utilization: | | | | |
| Anchor handling towing supply | 66% | 50% | 77% | 50% |
| Fast support | 76% | 88% | 77% | 84% |
| Supply | 52% | 23% | 29% | 34% |
| Specialty | 14% | 72% | 7% | 44% |
| Liftboats | —% | —% | —% | —% |
| Overall Fleet Utilization (excluding wind farm utility) | 60% | 63% | 57% | 62% |
| Wind farm utility | —% | 39% | —% | 59% |
| Overall Fleet Utilization | 55% | 61% | 52% | 61% |
| Available Days: | | | | |
| Anchor handling towing supply | 182 | 182 | 272 | 364 |
| Fast support | 1,032 | 910 | 1,932 | 1,820 |
| Supply | 398 | 546 | 848 | 1,092 |
| Specialty | 91 | 182 | 181 | 364 |
| Liftboats | 182 | — | 182 | — |
| Overall Fleet Available Days (excluding wind farm utility) | 1,885 | 1,820 | 3,415 | 3,640 |
| Wind farm utility | 182 | 182 | 362 | 273 |
| Overall Fleet Available Days | 2,067 | 2,002 | 3,777 | 3,913 |

Current Year Quarter compared with Prior Year Quarter

Operating Revenues. Time charter revenues were \$3.1 million lower in the Current Year Quarter compared with the Prior Year Quarter. On a total fleet basis, time charter revenues were \$1.0 million lower due to reduced utilization on the active fleet, \$0.8 million lower due to reduced utilization as a consequence of cold-stacking vessels, \$1.3 million lower due to net fleet dispositions and \$0.2 million lower due to reduced average day rates. Time charter revenues were \$0.2 million higher due to the repositioning of a vessel between geographic regions. As of June 30, 2017, the Company had three of 23 owned vessels cold-stacked in the Middle East and Asia (one supply vessel and two windfarm utility vessels).

Other operating revenues were \$2.5 million lower in the Current Year Quarter compared with the Prior Year Quarter primarily due to reduced earnings from revenue pooling arrangements.

Direct Operating Expenses. Direct operating expenses were \$1.9 million higher in the Current Year Quarter compared with the Prior Year Quarter. Repairs and maintenance expense was \$2.3 million higher primarily from the replacement of main engines in one fast support vessel for \$2.0 million during the Current Year Quarter.

Current Six Months compared with Prior Six Months

Operating Revenues. Time charter revenues were \$5.5 million lower in the Current Six Months compared with the Prior Six Months. On a total fleet basis, time charter revenues were \$1.2 million lower due to reduced utilization on the active fleet, \$2.4 million lower due to reduced utilization as a consequence of cold-stacking vessels, \$1.4 million lower due to net fleet dispositions and \$0.7 million lower due to reduced average day rates. Time charter revenues were \$0.2 million higher due to the

repositioning of a vessel between geographic regions. As of June 30, 2017, the Company had three of 23 owned vessels cold-stacked in the Middle East and Asia (one supply vessel and two windfarm utility vessels).

Other operating revenues were \$5.7 million lower in the Current Six Months compared with the Prior Six Months primarily due to reduced earnings from revenue pooling arrangements.

Direct Operating Expenses. Direct operating expenses were \$1.6 million lower in the Current Six Months compared with the Prior Six Months. On an overall basis, personnel costs were \$2.0 million lower primarily due to the effect of cold-stacking vessels, retiring and removing vessels from service and net fleet dispositions. Repairs and maintenance expense was \$1.0 million higher primarily from the replacement of main engines in one fast support vessel for \$2.0 million during the Current Year Quarter. Drydocking expenses were \$0.9 million lower primarily due to decreased drydocking activity during the Current Six Months.

Brazil, Mexico, Central and South America. For the periods indicated, the Company's direct vessel profit in Brazil, Mexico, Central and South America was as follows:

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | | Six Months Ended June 30, | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------|--------------|------------|---------------------------|------------|--------------|------------|
| | 2017 | | 2016 | | 2017 | | 2016 | |
| | \$'000's | % | \$'000's | % | \$'000's | % | \$'000's | % |
| Operating revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Time charter | — | — | — | — | — | — | 196 | 3 |
| Bareboat charter | 1,156 | 88 | 3,045 | 86 | 2,299 | 91 | 5,697 | 84 |
| Other marine services | 162 | 12 | 498 | 14 | 237 | 9 | 884 | 13 |
| | <u>1,318</u> | <u>100</u> | <u>3,543</u> | <u>100</u> | <u>2,536</u> | <u>100</u> | <u>6,777</u> | <u>100</u> |
| Direct operating expenses: | | | | | | | | |
| Personnel | 148 | 11 | 367 | 10 | 161 | 6 | 1,895 | 28 |
| Repairs and maintenance | 116 | 9 | 59 | 2 | 120 | 5 | 207 | 3 |
| Insurance and loss reserves | 4 | 1 | (12) | — | 11 | 1 | 37 | 1 |
| Fuel, lubes and supplies | 27 | 2 | 112 | 3 | 27 | 1 | 193 | 3 |
| Other | 3 | — | 75 | 2 | 4 | — | 170 | 2 |
| | <u>298</u> | <u>23</u> | <u>601</u> | <u>17</u> | <u>323</u> | <u>13</u> | <u>2,502</u> | <u>37</u> |
| Direct Vessel Profit | <u>1,020</u> | <u>77</u> | <u>2,942</u> | <u>83</u> | <u>2,213</u> | <u>87</u> | <u>4,275</u> | <u>63</u> |

Time Charter Operating Data. For the periods indicated, the Company's time charter operating data in Brazil, Mexico, Central and South America was as follows:

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------|---------------------------|---------------|
| | 2017 | 2016 | 2017 | 2016 |
| Rates Per Day Worked: | | | | |
| Fast support | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — |
| Supply | — | — | — | 18,986 |
| Liftboats | — | — | — | — |
| Overall Average Rates Per Day Worked | — | — | — | 18,986 |
| Utilization: | | | | |
| Fast support | —% | —% | —% | —% |
| Supply | —% | —% | —% | 6% |
| Liftboats | —% | —% | —% | —% |
| Overall Fleet Utilization | —% | —% | —% | 6% |
| Available Days: | | | | |
| Fast support | 91 | — | 181 | — |
| Supply | — | 83 | — | 174 |
| Liftboats | 14 | — | 14 | — |
| Overall Fleet Available Days | 105 | 83 | 195 | 174 |

Current Year Quarter compared with Prior Year Quarter

Operating Revenues. Bareboat charter revenues were \$1.9 million lower in the Current Year Quarter compared with the Prior Year Quarter primarily due to the completion of two bareboat charters in Mexico during 2016 after which the vessels were repositioned to the United States. As of June 30, 2017, the Company had one of four owned vessels cold-stacked in Brazil, Mexico, Central and South America (one fast support vessel) compared with one of six vessels as of June 30, 2016. As of June 30, 2017, the Company had one supply vessel retired and removed from service in this region.

Current Six Months compared with Prior Six Months

Operating Revenues. Bareboat charter revenues were \$3.4 million lower in the Current Six Months compared with the Prior Six Months primarily due to the completion of two bareboat charters in Mexico during 2016 after which the vessels were repositioned to the United States. As of June 30, 2017, the Company had one of four owned vessels cold-stacked in Brazil, Mexico, Central and South America (one fast support vessel) compared with one of six vessels as of June 30, 2016. As of June 30, 2017, the Company had one supply vessel retired and removed from service in this region.

Direct Operating Expenses. Direct operating expenses were \$2.2 million lower in the Current Six Months compared with the Prior Six Months primarily due to redundancy costs incurred during the Prior Six Months following the change in contract status for two vessels from time charter to bareboat charter and the repositioning of vessels between geographic regions.

Europe, primarily North Sea. For the periods indicated, the Company's direct vessel profit in Europe was as follows:

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | | Six Months Ended June 30, | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------|---------------|------------|---------------------------|------------|---------------|------------|
| | 2017 | | 2016 | | 2017 | | 2016 | |
| | \$'000's | % | \$'000's | % | \$'000's | % | \$'000's | % |
| Operating revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Time charter | 18,713 | 96 | 21,052 | 97 | 34,778 | 97 | 42,095 | 98 |
| Other marine services | 680 | 4 | 668 | 3 | 1,141 | 3 | 1,032 | 2 |
| | <u>19,393</u> | <u>100</u> | <u>21,720</u> | <u>100</u> | <u>35,919</u> | <u>100</u> | <u>43,127</u> | <u>100</u> |
| Direct operating expenses: | | | | | | | | |
| Personnel | 8,671 | 45 | 10,724 | 49 | 16,588 | 46 | 21,729 | 50 |
| Repairs and maintenance | 2,191 | 11 | 2,544 | 12 | 3,925 | 11 | 5,126 | 12 |
| Drydocking | 900 | 5 | 1,646 | 8 | 2,179 | 6 | 3,472 | 8 |
| Insurance and loss reserves | 207 | 1 | 248 | 1 | 426 | 1 | 603 | 1 |
| Fuel, lubes and supplies | 1,006 | 5 | 911 | 4 | 1,955 | 6 | 2,084 | 5 |
| Other | 237 | 1 | 293 | 1 | 487 | 1 | 671 | 2 |
| | <u>13,212</u> | <u>68</u> | <u>16,366</u> | <u>75</u> | <u>25,560</u> | <u>71</u> | <u>33,685</u> | <u>78</u> |
| Direct Vessel Profit | <u>6,181</u> | <u>32</u> | <u>5,354</u> | <u>25</u> | <u>10,359</u> | <u>29</u> | <u>9,442</u> | <u>22</u> |

Time Charter Operating Data. For the periods indicated, the Company's time charter operating data in Europe was as follows:

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
|---|-----------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|---------------|
| | 2017 | 2016 | 2017 | 2016 |
| Rates Per Day Worked: | | | | |
| Standby safety | \$ 8,457 | \$ 9,632 | 8,295 | 9,597 |
| Wind farm utility | 2,124 | 2,235 | 2,074 | 2,232 |
| Overall Average Rates Per Day Worked | 4,176 | 5,171 | 4,294 | 5,384 |
| Utilization: | | | | |
| Standby safety | 80% | 77% | 80% | 78% |
| Wind farm utility | 95% | 79% | 82% | 72% |
| Overall Fleet Utilization | 90% | 78% | 81% | 74% |
| Available Days: | | | | |
| Standby Safety | 1,820 | 2,104 | 3,620 | 4,288 |
| Wind farm utility | 3,185 | 3,094 | 6,335 | 6,248 |
| Overall Fleet Available Days | 5,005 | 5,198 | 9,955 | 10,536 |

Current Year Quarter compared with Prior Year Quarter

Operating Revenues. For standby safety vessels, time charter revenues were \$3.3 million lower in the Current Year Quarter compared with the Prior Year Quarter. Time charter revenues were \$0.7 million lower due to reduced utilization, \$0.2 million lower due to reduced average day rates, \$1.5 million lower due to unfavorable changes in currency exchange rates and \$0.9 million lower due to fleet dispositions.

For wind farm utility vessels, time charter revenues were \$0.9 million higher. Time charter revenues were \$1.2 million higher due to improved utilization, \$0.5 million higher due to increased average day rates and \$0.8 million lower due to unfavorable changes in currency exchange rates.

Direct Operating Expenses. Direct operating expenses were \$3.2 million lower in the Current Year Quarter compared with the Prior Year Quarter. On an overall basis, operating expenses were \$1.7 million lower due to net fleet dispositions and \$1.5 million lower for vessels in active service primarily due to favorable changes in currency exchange rates.

Current Six Months compared with Prior Six Months

Operating Revenues. For standby safety vessels, time charter revenues were \$8.1 million lower in the Current Six Months compared with the Prior Six Months. Time charter revenues were \$1.4 million lower due to reduced utilization, \$0.5 million lower due to reduced average day rates, \$3.3 million lower due to unfavorable changes in currency exchange rates and \$2.9 million lower due to fleet dispositions.

For wind farm utility vessels, time charter revenues were \$0.8 million higher. Time charter revenues were \$1.5 million higher due to improved utilization, \$0.8 million higher due to increased average day rates and \$1.5 million lower due to unfavorable changes in currency exchange rates.

Direct Operating Expenses. Direct operating expenses were \$8.1 million lower in the Current Six Months compared with the Prior Six Months. On an overall basis, operating expenses were \$3.8 million lower due to net fleet dispositions and \$4.2 million lower for vessels in active service primarily due to favorable changes in currency exchange rates.

Administrative and general. Administrative and general expenses for the Current Year Quarter and Current Six Months were \$9.8 million and \$9.2 million higher compared with the Prior Year Quarter and Prior Six Months, respectively, primarily due to one-time costs associated with the Spin-off. During the Current Year Quarter, the Company incurred an additional expense of \$6.7 million in connection with the Spin-off for the accelerated vesting of share awards previously granted to Company personnel by SEACOR Holdings and an additional expense of \$3.4 million on non-deductible Spin-off related expenses reimbursed to SEACOR Holdings.

Depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization expense for the Current Year Quarter and Current Six Months were \$0.6 million and \$3.0 million lower compared with the Prior Year Quarter and Prior Six Months, respectively, primarily due to impairment charges recognized during 2016, partially offset by net fleet additions.

Losses on Asset Dispositions and Impairments, Net. During the Current Year Quarter, the Company sold one supply vessel, two offshore support vessels previously retired and removed from service and other equipment for net proceeds of \$1.3 million and losses of \$0.6 million. In addition, the Company recorded impairment charges of \$5.7 million primarily related to one leased-in supply vessel removed from service as it is not expected to be marketed prior to being returned to its owner. During the Prior Year Quarter, the Company sold real property, two offshore support vessels and other equipment for net proceeds of \$1.8 million and gains of \$0.5 million. In addition, the Company recognized impairment charges of \$19.4 million related to its liftboat fleet and associated intangible assets and \$1.5 million related to the anticipated sale of two offshore support vessels.

During the Current Six Months, the Company sold two liftboats, one supply vessel, four offshore support vessels previously retired and removed from service and other equipment for net proceeds of \$10.0 million and gains of \$4.2 million, all of which were recognized currently. In addition, the Company recorded impairment charges of \$5.7 million primarily related to one leased-in supply vessel removed from service as it is not expected to be marketed prior to being returned to its owner. During the Prior Six Months, the Company sold real property, two offshore support vessels and other equipment for net proceeds of \$1.9 million and gains of \$0.6 million. In addition, the Company recognized impairment charges of \$19.4 million related to its liftboat fleet and associated intangible assets and \$1.9 million related to the anticipated sale of two offshore support vessels and certain suspended offshore support vessel upgrades.

Other Income (Expense), Net

For the periods indicated, the Company's other income (expense) was as follows:

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
|---|-----------------------------|----------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| | 2017 | 2016 | 2017 | 2016 |
| | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 |
| Other Income (Expense): | | | | |
| Interest income | 275 | 987 | 1,125 | 2,398 |
| Interest expense | (4,546) | (2,585) | (7,728) | (4,943) |
| SEACOR Holdings management fees | (1,283) | (1,925) | (3,208) | (3,850) |
| SEACOR Holdings guarantee fees | (75) | (31) | (151) | (157) |
| Marketable security gains (losses), net | (109) | (2,492) | 11,629 | (6,077) |
| Derivative gains (losses), net | (213) | 163 | (302) | 3,061 |
| Foreign currency losses, net | (1,094) | (819) | (1,283) | (2,379) |
| Other, net | — | — | (1) | 265 |
| | <u>(7,045)</u> | <u>(6,702)</u> | <u>81</u> | <u>(11,682)</u> |

Interest income. Interest income in the Current Year Quarter and the Current Six Months was lower compared with the Prior Year Quarter and the Prior Six Months primarily due to lower interest from marketable security positions.

Interest expense. Interest expense in the Current Year Quarter and the Current Six Months was higher compared with the Prior Year Quarter and the Prior Six Months primarily due to lower capitalized interest and additional interest incurred on the debt facilities of Falcon Global, Sea-Cat Crewzer, Sea-Cat Crewzer II and Sea-Cat Crewzer III.

Marketable security gains (losses), net. Marketable security gains of \$11.7 million in the Current Six Months and losses of \$6.1 million in the Prior Six Months were primarily due to a long security position exited by the Company during the first quarter of 2017.

Derivative gains (losses), net. During the Prior Six Months, derivative gains were primarily due to unrealized gains on equity options.

Foreign currency losses, net. For all periods, foreign currency losses were primarily due to the weakening of the pound sterling in relation to the euro underlying certain of the Company's debt balances.

Income Tax Benefit

During the Current Six Months, the Company's effective income tax rate of 27.2% was primarily due to non-deductible Spin-off-related expenses reimbursed to SEACOR Holdings and losses of foreign subsidiaries not benefited. During the Prior Six Months, the Company's effective income tax rate of 32.8% was primarily due to non-deductible expenses associated with the Company's participation in SEACOR Holdings' share award plans and losses of foreign subsidiaries not benefited.

Equity in Earnings (Losses) of 50% or Less Owned Companies, Net of Tax

For the periods indicated, the Company's equity in earnings (losses) of 50% or less owned companies, net of tax, was as follows:

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| | 2017 | 2016 | 2017 | 2016 |
| | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 |
| MexMar | 1,222 | 846 | 2,589 | 3,431 |
| Sea-Cat Crewzer | 248 | 171 | 234 | 503 |
| Sea-Cat Crewzer II | (25) | (469) | 99 | (663) |
| Dynamic Offshore | 93 | 256 | 617 | 560 |
| OSV Partners | (228) | (1,292) | (420) | (1,683) |
| SEACOR Grant DIS | (42) | (1,720) | (35) | (1,669) |
| Falcon Global | — | (446) | (1,559) | (1,327) |
| Other | 303 | (661) | 484 | (306) |
| | <u>1,571</u> | <u>(3,315)</u> | <u>2,009</u> | <u>(1,154)</u> |

Current Year Quarter compared with Prior Year Quarter

OSV Partners. Losses were \$1.1 million lower during the Current Year Quarter compared with the Prior Year Quarter primarily due to the recording of an asset impairment charge during the Prior Year Quarter.

SEACOR Grant DIS. Losses were \$1.7 million lower during the Current Year Quarter compared with the Prior Year Quarter primarily due to the recording of an asset impairment charge during the Prior Year Quarter.

Current Six Months compared with Prior Six Months

OSV Partners. Losses were \$1.3 million lower during the Current Six Months compared with the Prior Six Months primarily due to the recording of an asset impairment charge during the Prior Six Months.

SEACOR Grant DIS. Losses were \$1.6 million lower during the Current Six Months compared with the Prior Six Months primarily due to the recording of an asset impairment charge during the Prior Six Months.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

General

The Company's ongoing liquidity requirements arise primarily from working capital needs, capital commitments and its obligations to service outstanding debt. The Company may use its liquidity to fund capital expenditures, make acquisitions or to make other investments. Sources of liquidity are cash balances, marketable securities, construction reserve funds and cash flows from operations. From time to time, the Company may secure additional liquidity through asset sales or the issuance of debt, shares of SEACOR Marine common stock, par value \$0.01 per share ("Common Stock") or common stock of its subsidiaries, preferred stock or a combination thereof.

As of June 30, 2017, the Company had unfunded capital commitments of \$76.4 million that included six fast support vessels, three supply vessels and one wind farm utility vessel. These commitments included \$15.4 million for one supply vessel that may be assumed by a third party at their option. The Company's capital commitments by year of expected payment are as follows (in thousands):

| | | | |
|------|-------------------|----|---------------|
| | Remainder of 2017 | \$ | 10,457 |
| | 2018 | | 50,960 |
| | 2019 | | 13,219 |
| 2020 | | | 1,800 |
| | | \$ | <u>76,436</u> |

Subsequent to June 30, 2017, the Company committed to purchase additional equipment for \$12.3 million.

As of June 30, 2017, the Company had outstanding debt of \$315.5 million, net of debt discount and issue costs, outstanding letters of credit of \$16.7 million issued by SEACOR Holdings on the Company's behalf and other labor and performance guarantees of \$0.9 million. The Company's contractual long-term debt maturities, assuming the Falcon Global credit facility is required to be repaid by its lenders in 2018 as a consequence of non-compliance with financial covenants, are as follows (in thousands):

| | | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------|----|----------------|
| | Remainder of 2017 | \$ | 25,263 |
| | 2018 | | 62,015 |
| | 2019 | | 40,940 |
| | 2020 | | 4,128 |
| | 2021 | | 27,548 |
| Years subsequent to 2021 | | | 191,325 |
| | | \$ | <u>351,219</u> |

As of June 30, 2017, the Company held balances of cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash, marketable securities and construction reserve funds totaling \$221.3 million. As of June 30, 2017, construction reserve funds of \$67.8 million were classified as non-current assets in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets as the Company has the intent and ability to use the funds to acquire equipment. Additionally, the Company had \$4.6 million available under subsidiary credit facilities for future capital commitments.

Summary of Cash Flows

| | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
|---|---------------------------|---------------|
| | 2017 | 2016 |
| | \$'000 | \$'000 |
| Cash flows provided by or (used in): | | |
| Operating Activities | 53,736 | (8,940) |
| Investing Activities | (14,115) | 28,319 |
| Financing Activities | (7,099) | (2,380) |
| Effects of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash and Cash Equivalents | 1,127 | (1,115) |
| Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents | <u>33,649</u> | <u>15,884</u> |

Operating Activities

Cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities increased by \$62.7 million in the Current Six Months compared with the Prior Six Months. The components of cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities during the Current Six Months and Prior Six Months were as follows:

| | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
|--|---------------------------|----------|
| | 2017 | 2016 |
| | \$'000 | \$'000 |
| Regional DVP: | | |
| United States, primarily Gulf of Mexico | (2,950) | 3,369 |
| Africa, primarily West Africa | (833) | 8,961 |
| Middle East and Asia | (2,742) | 6,842 |
| Brazil, Mexico, Central and South America | 2,213 | 4,275 |
| Europe, primarily North Sea | 10,359 | 9,442 |
| Operating, leased-in equipment (excluding amortization of deferred gains) | (11,381) | (12,934) |
| Administrative and general (excluding provisions for bad debts and amortization of restricted stock) | (32,863) | (24,327) |
| SEACOR Holdings management and guarantee fees | (3,359) | (4,007) |
| Other, net | (1) | 265 |
| Dividends received from 50% or less owned companies | 1,642 | 371 |
| | (39,915) | (7,743) |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities before interest and income taxes | 43,538 | (3,900) |
| Purchases of marketable securities | — | (8,390) |
| Proceeds from sale of marketable securities | 51,877 | 9,169 |
| Cash settlements on derivative transactions, net | (188) | (1,067) |
| Interest paid, excluding capitalized interest ⁽¹⁾ | (3,626) | (1,656) |
| Interest received | 2,647 | 2,332 |
| Income taxes (paid) refunded, net | (597) | 2,315 |
| Total cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities | 53,736 | (8,940) |

(1) During the Current Six Months and Prior Six Months, capitalized interest paid and included in purchases of property and equipment was \$2.3 million and \$3.3 million, respectively.

Cumulative regional DVP was \$26.8 million lower in the Current Six Months compared with the Prior Six Months. See “Results of Operations” included above for a detailed discussion.

Administrative and general expenses were \$8.5 million higher in the Current Six Months compared with the Prior Six Months. See “Results of Operations” included above for a detailed discussion.

Changes in operating assets and liabilities before interest and income taxes in the Current Six Months improved compared with the Prior Six Months primarily due to reductions in working capital as a result of lower activity levels and settlements with SEACOR Holdings.

Investing Activities

During the Current Six Months, net cash used in investing activities was \$14.1 million, primarily as a result of the following:

- Capital expenditures and payments on fair value hedges were \$29.1 million. Four fast support vessels were delivered during the period.
- The Company sold two liftboats, one supply vessel, four offshore support vessels previously retired and removed from service and other equipment for net proceeds of \$10.0 million (\$9.5 million in cash and \$0.5 million of previously received deposits).
- Construction reserve funds account transactions included deposits of \$6.3 million and withdrawals of \$16.7 million.

- The Company made investments in, and advances to, its 50% or less owned companies of \$4.2 million, comprised of \$2.4 million to Falcon Global and \$1.8 million to OSV Partners.
- The Company received capital distributions of \$7.4 million from MexMar.
- Effective March 31, 2017, the Company consolidated Falcon Global and assumed cash of \$1.9 million.
- Effective April 28, 2017, the Company acquired a 100% controlling interest in Sea-Cat Crewzer II LLC through the acquisition of its partners' 50% ownership interest for \$9.6 million, net of cash acquired.
- Effective April 28, 2017, the Company acquired a 100% controlling interest in Sea-Cat Crewzer LLC through the acquisition of its partners' 50% ownership interest for \$0.1 million, net of cash acquired.

During the Prior Six Months, net cash provided by investing activities was \$28.3 million, primarily as a result of the following:

- Capital expenditures were \$45.8 million. Equipment deliveries during the period included one fast support vessel, one supply vessel and one wind farm utility vessels.
- The Company sold two offshore support vessels and other property and equipment for net proceeds of \$1.9 million and received \$1.2 million of deposits on future equipment sales.
- The Company made investments in and advances of \$6.0 million to Falcon Global.
- Construction reserve funds account transactions included withdrawals of \$76.7 million.
- The Company received \$0.5 million of net payments on third party notes receivable.

Financing Activities

During the Current Six Months, net cash used in financing activities was \$7.1 million. The Company:

- borrowed \$3.4 million under the Sea-Cat Crewzer III Term Loan Facility;
- made other scheduled payments on long-term debt and capital lease obligations of \$4.0 million;
- incurred issue costs on various facilities of \$0.2 million;
- purchased subsidiary shares from noncontrolling interests for \$3.7 million; and
- paid SEACOR Holdings \$2.7 million for the distribution of SEACOR Marine restricted stock to Company personnel.

During the Prior Six Months, net cash used in financing activities was \$2.4 million. The Company:

- made scheduled payments on long-term debt of \$1.7 million;
- borrowed \$23.5 million (€21.0 million) under the Windcat Credit Facility and repaid all of the subsidiary's then outstanding debt totaling \$22.9 million;
- incurred issuance costs on various debt facilities of \$1.0 million; and
- made distributions to non-controlling interests of \$0.2 million.

Short and Long-Term Liquidity Requirements

The Company believes that a combination of cash balances on hand, marketable securities, construction reserve funds, cash generated from operating activities, availability under existing subsidiary financing arrangements and access to the credit and capital markets will provide sufficient liquidity to meet its obligations, including to support its capital expenditures program, working capital and debt service requirements. The Company continually evaluates possible acquisitions and dispositions of certain businesses and assets. The Company's sources of liquidity may be impacted by the general condition of the markets in which it operates and the broader economy as a whole, which may limit its access to the credit and capital markets on acceptable terms. Management will continue to closely monitor the Company's performance and liquidity, as well as the credit and capital markets.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

For a discussion of the Company's off-balance sheet arrangements, refer to Liquidity and Capital Resources included in the Information Statement filed as Exhibit 99.1 to Amendment No. 3 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form 10. There has been no material change in the Company's off-balance sheet arrangements during the Current Six Months, except for the impact of consolidating Falcon Global's outstanding debt of \$58.3 million effective March 31, 2017, which was previously disclosed as guaranteed by the Company.

Contractual Obligations and Commercial Commitments

For a discussion of the Company's contractual obligations and commercial commitments, refer to Liquidity and Capital Resources included in the Information Statement filed as Exhibit 99.1 to Amendment No. 3 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form 10. There has been no material change in the Company's contractual obligations and commercial commitments during the Current Six Months, except for the assumption of the Sea-Cat Crewzer and Sea-Cat Crewzer II debt facilities and a reduction in SEACOR Holdings' guarantees made on behalf of the Company, totaling \$107.7 million as of June 30, 2017.

Contingencies

As of June 30, 2017, SEACOR Holdings has guaranteed \$107.7 million for various obligations of the Company, including: debt facility and letter of credit obligations; performance obligations under sale-leaseback arrangements; and invoiced amounts for funding deficits under the MNOF. Pursuant to a Transition Services Agreement with SEACOR Holdings, SEACOR Holdings charges the Company a fee of 0.5% on outstanding guaranteed amounts, which declines as the guaranteed obligations are settled by the Company.

In the normal course of its business, the Company becomes involved in various other litigation matters including, among other things, claims by third parties for alleged property damages and personal injuries. Management has used estimates in determining the Company's potential exposure to these matters and has recorded reserves in its financial statements related thereto where appropriate. It is possible that a change in the Company's estimates of that exposure could occur, but the Company does not expect such changes in estimated costs would have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

For a discussion of the Company's exposure to market risk, refer to "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk" included in the Information Statement filed as Exhibit 99.1 to Amendment No. 3 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form 10. There has been no material change in the Company's exposure to market risk during the Current Six Months.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

With the participation of the Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer, management evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")), as of June 30, 2017. Based on their evaluation, the Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of June 30, 2017 solely as a result of the material weaknesses in the Company's internal control over financial reporting noted in the Information Statement filed as Exhibit 99.1 to Amendment No. 3 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form 10 and described in detail below.

The Company's disclosure controls and procedures have been designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures. All internal control systems, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations. Therefore, even those internal control systems determined to be effective can provide only a level of reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation.

In connection with the preparation of its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016, SEACOR Holdings identified certain material weaknesses in its internal control over financial reporting. Prior to the Spin-off, the Company was a consolidated subsidiary of SEACOR Holdings and its system of internal controls over financial reporting was part of the broader SEACOR Holdings control system. The following material weaknesses were identified by SEACOR Holdings and are also present in our control environment:

Manual journal entries. SEACOR Holdings and the Company's management did not design and maintain effective controls over the review and approval of manual journal entries made to the general ledger. In addition, management did not maintain effective controls designed to limit super user access within its information technology system supporting the general ledger to appropriately address segregation of duties and to restrict financial users' access to the ledgers, functions and data commensurate with their job responsibilities.

Impairments. SEACOR Holdings and the Company's management concluded there were material weaknesses in the vessel impairment assessments and other-than-temporary impairment assessments for its equity method investments. For these assessments, management did not design and maintain controls over the review of assumptions, data and calculations used in the impairment analysis. Additionally, management did not maintain controls over its assessment of the qualifications of third party specialists, or review of the methodologies and assumptions they employed related to estimates of fair value used in the impairment assessments.

Management and the board of directors take the Company's internal control over financial reporting and the integrity of its financial statements seriously and continues to develop a remediation plan to address the material weaknesses identified. Management currently does not have an expected timetable for the execution and completion of a remediation plan, which will include an improved approval process of manual journal entries, limiting access to the Company's information technology system and enhanced review and documentation controls relating to estimates of fair value and related impairment assessments. Management and the board of directors are committed to maintaining a strong internal control environment and will make every effort to ensure the material weaknesses described above are promptly remediated; however, the material weaknesses cannot be considered remediated until the applicable remedial controls are implemented and operate for a sufficient period of time to allow management to conclude, through testing, that these controls are operating effectively.

Notwithstanding the identified material weaknesses, management believes the condensed consolidated financial statements as included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q fairly represent, in all material respects, the Company's financial condition, results of operations and cash flows as of and for the periods presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) that occurred during the Current Year Quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

In the normal course of its business, the Company becomes involved in various other litigation matters including, among other things, claims by third parties for alleged property damages and personal injuries. Management has used estimates in determining the Company's potential exposure to these matters and has recorded reserves in its financial statements related thereto where appropriate. It is possible that a change in the Company's estimates of that exposure could occur, but the Company does not expect such changes in estimated costs would have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

For a discussion of the Company's risk factors, refer to "Risk Factors" included in the Information Statement filed as Exhibit 99.1 to Amendment No. 3 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form 10. There have been no material changes in the Company's risk factors during the Current Six Months.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None.

ITEM 3. DEFAULT UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

| | |
|-----------|--|
| 10.1 | Waiver Letter Agreement by and between DNB Bank ASA, as Facility Agent, Security Trustee and Swap Bank, DNB Capital LLC, as lender, Clifford Capital PTE. LTD., as lender, NIBC Bank N.V., as lender and swap bank, Falcon Global LLC, as a borrower, Falcon Pearl LLC, as a borrower, Falcon Diamond, as a borrower, SEACOR Marine Holdings Inc., as a guarantor and SEACOR LB Offshore (MI) LLC, as a pledgor. |
| 31.1 | Certification by the Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act, as amended. |
| 31.2 | Certification by the Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act, as amended. |
| 32 | Certification by the Principal Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 101.INS** | XBRL Instance Document |
| 101.SCH** | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema |
| 101.CAL** | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase |
| 101.DEF** | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase |
| 101.LAB** | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase |
| 101.PRE** | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase |

** Pursuant to Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, these interactive data files are deemed not filed or part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933 or Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and otherwise are not subject to liability.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

DATE: August 10, 2017

SEACOR Marine Holdings Inc. (Registrant)
By: /s/ JOHN GELLERT
John Gellert, *President and Chief Executive Officer*
(*Principal Executive Officer*)

DATE: August 10, 2017

By: /s/ MATTHEW CENAC
Matthew Cenac, *Executive Vice President*
and Chief Financial Officer
(*Principal Financial Officer*)

EXHIBIT INDEX

| | |
|-----------|--|
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June 30, 2017

VIA EMAIL, FASCIMILE AND OVERNIGHT MAIL

SEACOR LB OFFSHORE (MI) LLC
SEACOR MARINE HOLDINGS INC.
FALCON GLOBAL LLC
FALCON DIAMOND LLC
FALCON PEARL LLC
c/o SEACOR Marine LLC
7910 Main St., 2nd Floor,
Houma, Louisiana 70360
Facsimile No.: 985 876 5444

with a copy to:

SEACOR HOLDINGS INC.
2200 Eller Drive
P.O. Box 13038
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33316
Attn: Legal Department
Facsimile No.: 954-527-1772

Re: Credit Facility Agreement dated as of August 3, 2015, providing for a \$80,500,000 Senior Secured Term Loan Facility to Falcon Global LLC, et al

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We refer to (i) that certain senior secured term loan agreement dated August 3, 2015 (as the same may be amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time, the “**Loan Agreement**”), by and among, inter alios, (1) Falcon Global LLC, Falcon Diamond LLC and Falcon Pearl LLC, as joint and several borrowers (each, a “**Borrower**” and collectively, the “**Borrowers**”), (2) DNB Bank ASA, New York Branch, as facility agent for the Creditors (in such capacity, the “**Facility Agent**”) and security trustee for the Creditors (in such capacity, the “**Security Trustee**”), (3) DNB Markets, Inc., Clifford Capital Pte. Ltd. and NIBC Bank N.V., as mandated lead arrangers, (4) DNB Markets, Inc., as book runner, and (5) the financial institutions identified on Schedule 1 to the Loan Agreement (together with any bank or financial institution which becomes a lender pursuant to Section 10 of the Loan Agreement), as lenders (the “**Lenders**”), as consented and agreed to by, inter alios, the Guarantors (as defined in the Loan Agreement), pursuant to which the Lenders made available to the Borrowers a senior secured term loan facility in the aggregate amount of up to Eighty Million Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$80,500,000) for the purposes of providing pre- and post- Delivery Date part financing for the Vessels and (ii) that certain letter agreement dated as of April 28, 2017 (the “**Letter Agreement**”), entered into by the Facility Agent, the Security Trustee and the Lenders and consented and agreed to by, among others, the Borrowers. Terms used herein shall have the meaning set forth in the Loan Agreement unless otherwise defined.

As reflected in the Letter Agreement, on Friday, March 17, 2017, the MONTCO Guarantor, along with one of its affiliates, filed a petition for voluntary bankruptcy under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code in United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of Texas, which is being administered as Case No. 17-31646 (the “**Bankruptcy Filing**”), which resulted in the Specified Events of Default (as defined in the Letter Agreement).

As further reflected in the Letter Agreement, because an event of default has occurred under Indebtedness of the MONTCO Guarantor and such Indebtedness is in the aggregate of Ten Million Dollars (\$10,000,000), Section 9.2(k) of the Loan Agreement requires the Borrowers to maintain not less than \$10,000,000 in cash to be held in the Operating Account for so long as such event of default is continuing (the “**Operating Account Minimum Liquidity Requirement**”).

Pursuant to the Letter Agreement, the Creditors agreed to waive the Operating Account Minimum Liquidity Requirement from the date of the Bankruptcy Filing through and including June 30, 2017 (the “**Temporary Liquidity Waiver**”).

During discussions with the Creditors around June 15, 2017, the Borrowers and the SEACOR Guarantor requested that the Creditors (i) extend the Temporary Liquidity Waiver through and including December 31, 2017 (the “**Extended Temporary Liquidity Waiver**”), and (ii) waive compliance by the Borrowers (on a consolidated basis) with the financial covenants contained in Section 9.3(a) (Debt Service Coverage Ratio) and Section 9.3(c) (Maximum Leverage Ratio) (the “**9.3 (a) and (c) Financial Covenants Compliance**”) through and including December 31, 2017 (the “**Temporary Financial Covenants Waiver**”, and together with the Extended Temporary Liquidity Waiver, collectively, the “**Waivers**”).

By the execution of this letter agreement each of the Creditors agree, as of the Waiver Effective Date (as hereinafter defined), to each of the Waivers, and each such waiver is hereby granted subject to the satisfaction and effectiveness of each of the following conditions (collectively, the “**Waiver Conditions Precedent**”); provided, however, that it is understood, and by the Borrowers’, Seacor LB Offshore (MI) LLC’s and the SEACOR Guarantor’s execution of this letter agreement, they agree and accept, that the Waivers are specific to (i) the Operating Account Minimum Liquidity Requirement and (ii) the 9.3 (a) and (c) Financial Covenant Compliance, only, and only during the period between and including the Waiver Effective Date and December 31, 2017, and shall not be deemed to constitute a waiver of any other provisions of the Loan Agreement or for any other circumstance:

1. Falcon Global and Seacor LB Offshore (MI) LLC shall enter into an amendment agreement in a manner satisfactory to the Lenders which shall amend that certain subordinated loan agreement dated April 28, 2017 in order to increase the amount available to Falcon Global under such working capital loan to \$14,500,000 from \$7,000,000 (the “**Amended Working Capital Loan**”);
 2. Falcon Global shall covenant (the “**Working Capital Drawdown Covenants**”), and by its signature to this letter agreement it hereby covenants, that it shall fully draw down the Amended Working Capital Loan prior to December 31, 2017, with such drawdowns to be made, subject to condition no. 4 below, at such times and in such amounts for Falcon Global to continue as a going concern and comply with the Section 9.3 (b) minimum liquidity covenant;
-

3. Seacor LB Offshore (MI) LLC shall amend that certain subordination agreement dated April 28, 2017 pursuant to an amendment agreement, entered into on such terms and conditions as approved by the Lenders in their sole and absolute discretion, in order for the Amended Working Capital Loan to be fully and unconditionally subordinated to the Lenders;
4. a drawdown on the Amended Working Capital Loan shall have been made by Falcon Global in an amount of \$4,000,000; and
5. a work fee in the amount of \$231,345.84.

In addition, by the execution of this letter agreement, each of the Creditors hereby agree that from the Waiver Effective Date through and including December 31, 2017, the definition of "Margin" is hereby (for that period only) deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following, otherwise to remain unamended: ""Margin" means 3.5%;"

Upon satisfaction of each of the Waiver Conditions Precedent the Facility Agent, on behalf of the Creditors, shall provide written notice of the effectiveness of the Waivers to the Borrowers, Seacor LB Offshore (MI) LLC and the SEACOR Guarantor (such date being the "**Waiver Effective Date**").

Each of the Borrowers agrees, whether or not the Waivers become effective, on demand to pay, or reimburse the Facility Agent, the Security Trustee and the Lenders, all reasonable expenses related to this letter agreement in accordance with Section 13.2 of the Loan Agreement, including any expenses in preparation, negotiation, execution and administration of this letter agreement and the reasonable fees and disbursements of the Facility Agent's, the Security Trustee's and the Lenders' counsel in connection therewith.

This letter agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be an original and all of which, when taken together, shall constitute one agreement. Delivery of an executed counterpart of a signature page of this letter agreement by facsimile or electronic transmission shall be effective as delivery of a manually executed counterpart hereof.

This Letter Agreement is a Transaction Document and any breach of any term of this Letter Agreement, including of the Working Capital Drawdown Covenants, shall be an Event of Default.

This letter agreement shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of New York.

Kindly indicate your acceptance and agreement with the foregoing by executing this letter agreement in the space indicated below.

[Signature page follows]

Very truly yours,

DNB BANK ASA, as Facility Agent, Security Trustee and Swap Bank

DNB BANK ASA, as Facility Agent, Security Trustee and Swap Bank

By: /s/ PHILIPPE WULFERS

Name: Philippe Wulfers

Title: *Vice President*

By: /s/ ANDREW J. SHOHE

Name: Andrew J. Shohet

Title: *Vice President*

DNB CAPITAL LLC, as lender

By: /s/ PHILIPPE WULFERS

Name: Philippe Wulfers

Title: *Vice President*

By: /s/ ANDREW J. SHOHE

Name: Andrew J. Shohet

Title: *Vice President*

CLIFFORD CAPITAL PTE. LYD., as lender

By: /s/ PREMOD THOMAS

Name: Premod Thomas

Title: *Head of Corporate Strategy*

By: _____

Name:

Title:

NIBC BANK N.V., as lender and swap bank

By: /s/ Y. MENNEN

Name: Y. Mennen

Title: *Director - Oil & Gas*

By: /s/ SVEN DE VEIJ

Name: Sven de Veij

Title: *Head of Oil & Gas Services*

CONSENTED AND AGREED TO as of June 30, 2017.

FALCON GLOBAL LLC, as borrower

By: /s/ JESUS LLORCA

Name: Jesus Llorca

Title: *Vice President*

FALCON PEARL LLC, as borrower

By: /s/ JESUS LLORCA

Name: Jesus Llorca

Title: *Vice President*

FALCON DIAMOND LLC, as borrower

By: /s/ JESUS LLORCA

Name: Jesus Llorca

Title: *Vice President*

SEACOR MARINE HOLDINGS INC., as a guarantor

By: /s/ JESUS LLORCA

Name: Jesus Llorca

Title: *Vice President*

SEACOR LB OFFSHORE (MI) LLC, as a pledgor

By: /s/ JESUS LLORCA

Name: Jesus Llorca

Title: *Vice President*

**CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER
PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a), AS AMENDED**

I, John Gellert, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of SEACOR Marine Holdings Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the Registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - c) Disclosed in this report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 10, 2017

/s/ JOHN GELLERT

Name: John Gellert

Title: *Chief Executive Officer*
(Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION

I, Matthew Cenac, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of SEACOR Marine Holdings Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the Registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - c) Disclosed in this report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 10, 2017

/s/ MATTHEW CENAC

Name: Matthew Cenac

Title: *Executive Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)*

**CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER
AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED BY SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

Each of the undersigned, the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer of SEACOR Marine Holdings Inc. (the "Company"), hereby certifies, to the best of her/his knowledge and belief, that the Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2017 (the "Periodic Report") accompanying this certification fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and that the information contained in the Periodic Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company. This certification is provided solely for purposes of complying with the provisions of Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and is not intended to be used for any other purpose.

Date: August 10, 2017

/s/ JOHN GELLERT

Name: John Gellert

Title: *Chief Executive Officer*
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 10, 2017

/s/ MATTHEW CENAC

Name: Matthew Cenac

Title: *Executive Vice President and*
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)